

Want Ad Facts—No. 9
Post-Dispatch prints more
news opportunity Want Ads
the FOUR other St. Louis En-
Papers combined.

Last Month's Count:
Post-Dispatch, 2,875; the FOUR Others, 2,457

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With Associated Press News Service.

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ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4, 1914—18 PAGES.

PRICE ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION
FINANCIAL MARKET
SPORTS

ENGLAND GIVES GERMANY UNTIL MIDNIGHT FOR SATISFACTORY REPLY AS TO BELGIUM

GOLD-LADEN LINER DISGUISES HERSELF, RETURNS TO U. S. MONEY AND SHIPS WILL BE SENT TO AID OF TOURISTS

Kronprinzessin Cecilie, With
\$11,000,000 Metal Creeps
Into Bar Harbor, Me.,
With Lights Masked After
Thrilling Trip From Mid-
Atlantic.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 4.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinzessin Cecilie, carrying \$10,000,000 in gold and whose whereabouts have been a mystery since she sailed from New York last Tuesday, arrived in the harbor here today.

The Cecilie dropped anchor at 6 o'clock this morning after a forced run of four days, her officers fearing capture.

With a cargo of \$10,000,000 in gold and a million in silver, consigned to French and English bankers, with an estimated value of over \$20,000,000 in herself, the German ship constituted probably the finest sea prize ever open to capture.

Ship Disguises Herself at Sea. As she crept along the Maine coast and into the harbor under the cover of night, each deck, even every porthole, was blacked with canvas so that not a gleam of light betrayed her whereabouts. Her four stout stacks had been tipped with black soot that she reposed in English steamship.

At one time capture seemed imminent. Capt. Charles Polack reported on Sunday that he had intercepted a wireless message from one French vessel to another giving warning of the Cecilie's proximity, but under the protection of the fog, the North German Lloyd liner escaped.

The Kronprinzessin Cecilie left New York early last Tuesday morning bound for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

She had 200 first-class, 120 second-class and 720 steerage passengers. About a third of the first-class are Germans. To sail to anticipate the war crisis a sudden precipitation drove them to America. Most of the rest are Americans.

At night, while a dance was in progress, one of the passengers noticed the position of the moon had suddenly shifted to the port side of the captain called the men into the room.

"We have been turned off and are now from port to stern in smothered whatever beams escaped through chinks in the windows. According to the map, she was then 46° north latitude, 21° west longitude. In two days she would have docked at Plymouth.

A group of financiers on board offered to buy the ship and sell her under American colors. But to all proposals the captain replied that his duty was spelled by his orders from Bremen, which instructed him to turn back and save his ship.

There was a stampede for the wireless, but the captain announced that no messages would be sent for fear of betraying the ship's location.

The American port which the captain would have to call for was left for unlimited speculation. It was not until the passengers awoke this morning in sight of the green Maine hills that the liner's destination became certain.

For two nights, with her head and side lights extinguished, and every other illumination blotted out with canvas, the Kronprinzessin Cecilie ploughed through the fog with untold speed and without sounding her horn.

Capt. Polack's explanation to a delegation of passengers who protested against fast running under such conditions, was that it was his duty to save his ship from capture. He added that he did not consider the danger ap-

peared on the usual scale of risk upon which the captain used to take the ship that he was responsible. The captain did not sound the alarm to sound the alarm.

Advertises that tenants may apply to him for space in the POST-DISPATCH or House, Home and Hotel Directory.

WORLD-WIDE DEVELOPMENTS IN EUROPEAN WAR SITUATION

GERMANY sent a virtual ultimatum to Germany demanding a reply by midnight on the subject of Belgian neutrality.

King George proclaimed the mobilization of the British army.

Germany is reported to have declared war on Belgium and threatened to annex the Belgian Congo. Germans invaded Belgian territory.

German troops have penetrated French territory near Mars-la-Tour, scene of a bloody battle in 1870.

THE United States Embassy in Paris is to look after German interests in France and after French interests in Austria.

Japan officially declares she may join the war if England is involved in the Far East.

A German cruiser bombarded a French naval station in Algeria and then retired.

The Turkish army, now being mobilized, is under command of Gen. Liman von Sanders, a Prussian officer, who, it is reported, will continue to command it in the event that Turkey should enter the war as the ally of Austria and Germany.



Opposing Commanders
in Great War



COUNT VON MOLTKE,
German Chief of Staff.

ONLY ONE SHIP SURE TO SAIL THIS WEEK

British and French Liners,
Scheduled to Leave New York,
May Change Plan.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Three steam-

ers are scheduled to sail from New

York for European ports this week. La

Lorraine, largest boat of the ship-

of the Cunard General Transat-

tique (French Line), is scheduled to sail for Havre at 10 a. m. tomorrow. The

Adriatic of the White Star Line, which

flies the British flag, is scheduled to

sail for Queenstown and Liverpool

Thursday, and the American liner St.

Paul is to sail Friday morning for

Southampton and Cherbourg. Of these,

the St. Paul, which flies the

American flag, is the only one whose

departure is considered reasonably cer-

tain.

The Uranium Line, which runs Brit-

ish ships between New York and Rotter-

dam, Holland, has announced a sailing

for Rotterdam on Aug. 11.

Assembling Troops.

The State Department cabled diplo-

mats and consular officers abroad to

assemble all Americans in the countries

involved and have them ready to em-

bark for home.

The military attachés at European

embassies and legations are to be put

to work to facilitate the transportation

arrangements.

A. C. Miller of the Federal Reserve

Board will work out the details of the

relief plan and trained men from the

War Department and Navy Department

will be assigned to aid him. He will

first get in touch with steamship com-

panies to get their co-operation and find

what vessels will be available.

Assembling Troops.

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mats and consular officers abroad to

assemble all Americans in the countries

involved and have them ready to em-

bark for home.

President Wilson today signed the bill

passed yesterday, appropriating the first

\$20,000.

Senator John Sharp Williams intro-

duced a bill to authorize the Secretary

of the Treasury, with the approval of

the President, to buy any ship belong-

ing to citizens or subjects of any of the

belligerent powers now lying in Ameri-

can ports or hereafter to arrive here,

for the purpose of shipping abroad

goods already contracted for in this

country.

Papal Guards Leave Rome

and Go Back to Switzerland.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The Papal Guards

have left the Vatican and are return-

ing to Switzerland.

The Papal Guards have

been sent to the Swiss

frontier near Verviers to the east of Liege,

according to the French Embassy here

from the French lega-

cy.

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him for space in the POST-DISPATCH or House, Home and Hotel Directory.

FAIR AND WARMER, IS ST. LOUIS FORECAST

THE TEMPERATURES.

Yesterday's Temperatures.

High, 80 at 4 p. m.; low, 72 at 7 a. m.

Scratch All Secondary Primary Candidates

Keep his chickens out of our garden we'll declare war."

Official Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and warmer tonight and Wednesday.

For Missouri—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; warm in northwest portion to-night and in east portion Wednesday.

For Illinois—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; warm in northwest and in north and central portions tonight.

Stage of the river, 8.8 feet, fall of .3.

GERMANS AND SLAVS
START RUN ON BANK

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—More than

1000 depositors gathered today at the

German Savings Bank, one of the larg-

est in the city, forming a line four

feet wide, abreast, for a block and a half.

Each was allowed to withdraw only

\$10, and those who sought more funds

were requested to file the 60-day notice

agreed upon by all savings banks in

the state.

Most of the depositors of the bank

are Germans and Slavs.

The run was started, it was said, by the spreading of

a rumor that the bank purpose d

to get Germany in the present crisis

by closing its doors.

Each depositor gave his name and

address to the bank officials.

The bank officials were

not present.

Each depositor was given a receipt

and a check.

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trian Troops Defeated by the Servians in the First Important Battle

g peace advocate had also determined to leave his col-
elamation by King George commanding the mobilization
ish army was read today from the steps of the Royal
A huge crowd cheered and sang the British national

Midnight London time will be 6 p. m. St.
time.)

DIO, Aug. 4.—The Japanese Foreign Office today issued
ment that if the war extends to the far East and England
olved in it, Japan may find it necessary to participate in
lment of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—A bill introduced into the German Imperial
dium today providing for the appropriation of \$1,250,000,000
et the expenses of the war.

iplomatic Relations Broken Off;
War Has Been Declared," says France

RIS, Aug. 4.—The French Minister of War today issued

owing note:
The German Ambassador has demanded his passports and
atic relations between France and Germany have been
off.

War is declared.

The first act of the Germans, according to information from
ive source to the Minister of War, was to execute M. Sa-
former president of the French War Society, who lived in
and to imprison all members of that society."

erman troops today crossed into French territory near Mars-

our, where one of the most important battles of the Franco-

en War was fought, Aug. 16, 1870.

Joseph Joffre, Commander-in-Chief of the French army,
aris today for the frontier.

German army aeroplane last evening dropped three bombs
the French fortified town of Luneville, to the southeast of
nay. Some property damage was caused, but there were no
ualties. One of the main thoroughfares was damaged and also
arge barn, but nobody was injured.

Dispatches from the frontier today state that the Germans
e invaded French territory at two new points, somewhat south
he scene of their first entrance at Longwy. They first entered
gaville, in the Department (County) of Meurthe-et-Moselle,
later invaded Clrey, in the same department. This depart-
at the French remnant of the lost Province of Lorraine, and
es along the German border, south of the Grand Duchy of
Luxembourg, on which it also borders for some distance.

German troops today cut the telephone and telegraph wires on
French territory along the border. No engagement in force was
ported.

Other violations of French territory by small detachments of
erman troops were reported. Farmers at Lepuix, near Belfort,
the Vosges, were visited by German troops who questioned
in cattle.

Details of the German invasion of Luxembourg have been re-
ed here. The German entry was headed by 35 automobiles,
d with officers, these being followed by cavalry in force.
Before leaving the capital last night the German Ambassador
von Schoen, entrusted the affairs of the German em-
and those of Bavaria to the American Ambassador, Myron
rick, in accordance with instructions received when he was
to demand his passports.

Emperor Nicholas has intimated to the Russian Embassy that
russian reservists in France can serve their country by fighting
the French ranks.

The diplomatic relations between France and Germany were
severed last night. Baron von Schoen, the German Ambas-
sor, in an official letter to the French Government, declared
h aviators had flown over German and Belgian territory and
in presence of these premeditated acts by the French, the
Government considered itself in a state of war with France.
Premier Viviani, in reply, protested against the allegations re-
garding the French aviators, and reminded the German Ambassador
a French presented a note on Saturday last in reference to
lation of French territory by Germany.

reply to the Ambassador's declaration that a state of war
Premier Viviani asked the German Government to hand to
uch Ambassador in Berlin his passports.

assador Jules Cambon has been instructed, before leaving
to protest to the German Government against its violation
territory of Luxembourg and against the presentation of a
ultimatum to Belgium.

The French Government intends to introduce into Parliament
today several bills to meet the expenses of the war and to regu-
late business. One of the measures will authorize the Bank of
nce to increase its note issue to \$2,400,000,000. On July 30,
notes in circulation amounted to about \$1,340,000,000.

This measure is to exempt the Bank of France from paying
at coin in exchange for its notes—in other words, as the semi-
cial summary of the bill says—"to authorize the institution
new currency."

gium Hears Rumor of War
Against Her by Germany

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Aug. 4.—Rumors were in circulation
day that Germany had actually declared war on Belgium.

German troops crossed the frontier at Gemmenich, near the
action of the Dutch, Belgian and German frontiers.

The first German ultimatum to Belgium threatened to treat
t country as an enemy and carried the implied intention of
rmy to seize Belgian Congo in the event of a refusal to permit
erman forces to pass through Belgium.

A special train carrying all the securities of the National
of Belgium left here for Antwerp during the night.

King Albert presided today over a joint session of the Belgian
ate and Chamber of Deputies. In the course of an address
stated that never since 1830 had a graver situation
ed a neutral nation. He said it was imperative that every
ould do his duty and resign himself to every sacrifice
cessary in order to prevent the violation of Bel-

gium in danger," the King proceeded. "Let me
to you, my brothers. At this supreme hour the
be of one mind. I have called together the two
ment, so that they may support the Government
we will maintain untarnished the sacred patriot-
ers. Long live independent Belgium!"

stirring enthusiasm followed. Deputies and Sen-
ators shouted in chorus the closing words of King Albert."

Broqueville then made a statement as to Germany's
Belgium and the reply of Belgium, declaring that the
would not sacrifice the country's honor and that the
resist by every means in its power all encroachments
added:

"Belgium. To arms! Upon this land of ours

submit. Belgium, supported by the united energy of her sons, will
not perish."

Austrians Severely Beaten in Hard Battle With Servians

PARIS, Aug. 4.—A dispatch from Nish, Servia, to the Matin
says the Austrian troops were defeated with heavy losses in a bat-
tle against the Servians on Sunday, near Semendria.

The regiments of Austrian infantry, comprising nearly 10,000
men, supported by heavy artillery, advanced against the Servians,
but were repulsed, leaving many of their number dead and
wounded on the field. A large force of Austrian troops, aided by
a flotilla of monitors, composed of 20 vessels, has been trying for
the last six days to cross the River Save into Servian territory,
but has not succeeded in landing.

GERMANY NOTIFIES U.S. OF "STATE OF WAR" WITH FRANCE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The German
Embassy served notice on the United
States today that a "state of war"
exists between France and Germany.
It is tantamount to a declaration of
war, but technically different.

President Wilson, soon after Ger-
many's notice was received, issued a
proclamation of neutrality.

The notice from the German counselor
at Newport is virtually the same as
the announcement in Berlin last night
by the German Premier, in which he
sought to place on France full responsibility
for the beginning of hostilities.

The notice justifies the United States
and other neutrals in their right to make
formal proclamation of neutrality and
sets in motion all the legal machinery
necessary to empower the German Gov-
ernment itself to proceed as in the case
of an actual declaration of war.

The only difference noted here be-
tween the two forms is that the "state of war" an-
nouncement still relieves the German Government of liability for the
beginning of hostilities such as would be
carried by the issue of a formal declara-
tion of war, a point which will
figure largely in the negotiations which
must now begin in earnest.

U. S. Mediation Proposed.
A resolution directing President Wil-
son to approach the warring nations of
Europe with an offer of good offices
of this Government was introduced to-
day by Senator McCumber and referred to
the Committee on Foreign Relations. He will ask for a favorable report to-

morrow.

BRITAIN AGREES TO PAY WAR RISKS ON GRAIN CARGOES

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—Great Brit-
ain, through a cablegram forwarded by
the London Corn Trades Association to
Frank E. Marshall of this city, secre-
tary-treasurer of the North American
Export Grain Association, agreed to pay all
war risks on grain shipped from the
continent of North America in British
bottoms and line steamships bound for
English ports.

To the American exporter of grain the
decision of Great Britain to assume the
prohibitive war charges, which in some
instances have been raised as high as
10 per cent, solved a problem which for
a week or more caused stagnation in
the export business and threatened ruin
to those exporters who made contracts
to deliver in the current and succeeding
months hundreds of thousands of bushels
of grain at a time when the danger
of war was remote. The determination
of England to guarantee shipments was
interpreted to mean that England in-
tends to maintain its commercial su-
premacy, even should it be compelled to
use its fighting force to convoy ship-
ments across the Atlantic.

The guarantees made to American ship-
pers will release upward of \$5,000,000
bushels of grain booked for delivery to
the United Kingdom.

Germans Have Occupied Three Important Towns in Poland.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—The German border
troops from Lublin, Silesia, yesterday
after a short skirmish with Russians,
took possession of Czestochowa,
Poland.

Bendzin and Kallisz, Russian Poland,
also have been occupied by the Ger-
mans.

Czestochowa is a city of about 50,000
inhabitants on the River Warta, near
the Silesian frontier. It noted chief-
ly for its manufactures of woolen and
cotton cloths and paper. A picture of
the Virgin is a noted conveant there at-
tracts thousands of pilgrims annually.

Bendzin is a coal and zinc mining center.
It has a population of slightly more
than 20,000, about half of whom are
Jews.

Kallisz is the capital of the province
of the same name. It is the most west-
ern city in Russian Poland. Its popula-
tion of 20,000 is engaged in various
manufactures.

Germans Bombard a French Naval Station in Algiers.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The German cruiser
Breslau bombarded the French
naval station of Bona, Algeria, at 4
o'clock this morning, afterward steaming
off at full speed in a westerly direc-
tion, according to a dispatch re-
ceived at the French Embassy here.

German Garrison Repulses Russian Frontier Guards

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—A body of Russian
frontier guards from Krottingen was
driven back yesterday by a part of the
garrison of the German fort at
Monsal, the most northern town in Ger-

many, in danger," the King proceeded. "Let me
to you, my brothers. At this supreme hour the
be of one mind. I have called together the two
ment, so that they may support the Government
we will maintain untarnished the sacred patriot-
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stirring enthusiasm followed. Deputies and Sen-
ators shouted in chorus the closing words of King Albert."

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would not sacrifice the country's honor and that the
resist by every means in its power all encroachments
added:

"Belgium. To arms! Upon this land of ours

GERMAN VICTORY IN BALTIMORE SEA NOW IS DOUBTED

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Some doubt has
been thrown on the report, contained in a

Stockholm dispatch yesterday, of a
German naval victory over Russia off

Aland Islands in the Baltic. A Copenha-
gen dispatch today states that a Russian
warship is aground at Oland Island, and
that it is believed to be the Andrei Per-

vovanny of 17,400 tons.

The Stockholm report, which thus far
has had no confirmation, aside from the
Copenhagen dispatch, was that the Ger-
man and Russian fleets met off the
Aland Islands, and that the Russians were
driven back, and took refuge in the
Gulf of Finland, where they were
left bottled up.

Such a victory would be of great value
to Germany, naval experts here say.

The Aland Islands are considered, stra-
tetically, the outer defense of St. Pe-
tersburg. A German fleet lying in the
security of these islands would command

the entrance to the Gulf of Finland, and
would command also the sea route to
St. Petersburg, Revel and Cronstadt, the last named being the chief Russian
naval station.

There is also a possibility that the ap-
pearance of the Germans might lead to
a Finnish uprising against Russia, and that
Sweden might join Germany to re-
move the Russian menace to Swedish
nationality.

The Aland Islands were transferred
from Sweden to Russia in 1809, but by
the terms of the treaty Russia was for-
bidden to fortify them. Russia sought
in 1897-1900 permission to fortify the
islands, but the other powers refused
their consent, chiefly because Russia
was suspected of designs on Sweden.

"Are You for or Against Us?"
Germany's Request of Sweden

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 4.—It was stated
today that both Germany and Russia
made inquiries Sunday as to whether
Sweden would remain neutral. Ger-
many's note was brief, merely demand-
ing to know whether Sweden was for
or against us."

The Ministers declined to say what

reply was given, but they are prepa-
ring to defend the nation's neutrality.

The Aland Islands are situated in the
Baltic, and a deep impression here, and it
is believed that if a similar ultimate
were addressed to Sweden she would
follow the Belgian example in refusing
to aid Germany.

If You Are Anxious to Secure Some of the Season's Best Values Attend Our August Furniture Sale, August Sale of Furs, August Sale of Blankets and Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of Pianos and Player-Pianos Which Are Now in Progress

Dress Bargains

On Wednesday we shall
have ready for your in-
spection some exceptional
values in Summer Frocks
of lace, crepe and voile. At
the prices at which they
are offered it will pay you
to buy more than one.

Women's Black and White
Striped Voile Dresses, which
feature the Russian tunic, or-
gandy collar and cuffs and
girdle of black lacquered ribbon;
formerly priced at \$8.00, now

\$4.95

Women's Lace, Net, Crepe
and Voile Frocks that have
been selling up to \$25.00, now

\$9.95

Women's Lingerie, Lace,
Net and Crepe Frocks, values
up to \$50.00, now

\$19.50

Women's handsome Lin-
erie, Lace, Net and Crepe
Frocks, valued up to \$65.00,
now

\$29.50

Third Floor.

Our First Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of Pianos, Players and Player-Pianos

Continues in Our Music Department—6th Floor

Teachers of music, schools and colleges,
should not let this sale pass without examining
these instruments and making a comparison of
value. Discriminating buyers, judges of piano
values, will be quick to realize the advantage of
purchasing at this sale.

Pianos and player-pianos are not generally consid-
ered "shop-worn" unless they have been in the ware-
rooms for more than a year. Every new Piano and
Player-Piano in our store is less than a year old, and
some of them have not been on our floor for more
than two months. Those which we had at the open-
ing of our new department last November are being
offered as "shop-worn," and the prices have been
greatly reduced. Every make of piano and player-
piano and almost every style which we handle is in-
cluded in these reductions. Not a new piano which
has been reduced looks like a "shop-worn" instru-
ment.

Every Instrument Is Sold With Our Guarantee

PLEASE NOTE CAREFULLY—We take in ex-
change a great number of pianos and player-pianos
on agency in which we advance money that enables you
to buy at the lowest cash price with all the advan-
tages to be gained thereby, and repay to us the
amount at your convenience, for which accommoda-
tion you can pay simple interest for such time only
as you actually take.

Here are a few of the Pianos and Player-Pianos in
this sale:

Used Pianos	Reduced Pianos	Reduced Player-Pianos

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Italy as Well as England Must Aid Russia and France, Says Naval Autho.

NEUTRALITY OF THE UNITED STATES IS PROCLAIMED

President Wilson Issues a Decree Detailing Acts Forbidden by Penal Code.

MANY RULES FOR SHIPS

Belligerents' Vessels Required to Depart From America in 24 Hours.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The proclamation of neutrality issued today by the President, after setting forth that "a state of war unhappily exists between Austria-Hungary and Serbia and between Germany and Russia and between Germany and France" and that "the United States is on terms of friendship and amity with the contending Powers," says:

"I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, in order to preserve the neutrality of the United States and of its citizens and of persons within its territory and jurisdiction and to enforce its laws and treaties, and in order that all persons, being warned of the general tenor of the laws and treaties of the United States in this behalf and of the law of nations, may thus be prevented from the violation of the same, do hereby declare and proclaim that by certain provisions of the act approved on the 4th day of March, A. D., 1909, commonly known as the penal code of the United States, the following acts are forbidden to be done, under severe penalties, within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, to wit:

"1. Accepting and exercising a commission to serve either of the said belligerents by land or by sea against the other belligerents.

"2. Enlisting or entering into the service of either of the said belligerents as a soldier, or as a marine, or seaman on board of any vessel or war, letters of marque, or privateer.

"3. Hiring or retaining another person to go beyond the limits of the United States with intent to be enlisted into service as aforesaid.

"4. Retaining another person to go beyond the limits of the United States with intent to be enlisted as aforesaid.

"5. Retaining another person to go beyond the limits of the United States with intent to be enlisted into service as aforesaid.

"6. Fitting out and arming, or attempting to fit out and arm, or procuring to be fitted out and armed, or knowingly being concerned in the furnishing, fitting out, or arming of any ship or vessel with intent that such ship or vessel shall be employed in the service of either of the said belligerents.

"7. Issuing or delivering a commission within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States for any ship or vessel to the intent that she may be employed as aforesaid.

"8. Increasing or augmenting, or procuring to be increased or augmented, or knowingly being concerned in increasing or augmenting, the force of any ship of war, cruiser or other armed vessel, which at the time of her arrival within the United States was a ship of war, cruiser or armed vessel in the service of either of the said belligerents, or belonging to the subjects of either, by adding to the number of guns, of such vessels, or by changing those on board, or her guns of a larger caliber, or by the addition thereto of any equipment solely applicable to war.

"9. Beginning or setting on foot or providing or preparing the means for any military expedition or enterprise to be carried on from the territory or jurisdiction of the United States against the territories or dominions of either of the said belligerents."

Use of U. S. Waters.

"And I do hereby further declare and proclaim that any frequenting and use of the waters within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States by the armed vessels of a belligerent, whether public ships or privateers, for the purpose of preparing for hostile operations, or as posts of observation on the ships of war or privateers or merchant vessels of a belligerent lying within or bearing about to enter the jurisdiction of the United States, must be regarded as unfriendly and offensive, and in violation of that neutrality which it is determination of this Government to observe; and to the end that the hazard and inconvenience of such apprehended practices may be avoided, I further proclaim and declare that from and after the 11th day of August instant, and during the continuance of the present hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia, and Germany, and Russia, and Germany and France, no ship of war or privateer of any belligerent shall be permitted to make use of any port, harbor or roadstead, or waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States from which a vessel of an opposing belligerent (whether the same shall be a ship of war, a privateer, or a merchant ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least 24 hours from the departure of such last mentioned vessel beyond the jurisdiction of the United States.

"If any ship of war or privateer of a belligerent shall, after the time this notification takes effect, enter any port, harbor, roadstead or waters of the United

German Army Organization; Terms Figuring in the News

THE unit of the German army is the company in infantry, the eskadron in cavalry and the battery in artillery. The strength of an infantry company on a war footing is 251 men. There are four companies in a battalion and three battalions in a regiment. The cavalry eskadron, or squadron, has 150 men and there are four companies in a regiment. A battery consists of 165 men and six guns.

A German corps has two divisions, each consisting of two infantry brigades, one cavalry brigade and one artillery brigade, in addition to a corps of engineers and a commissary department. Each brigade has two regiments of infantry or cavalry, with artillery.

The Uhlan is a branch of cavalry corresponding to the lancers in English regiments. The German cavalry also has dragoons, hussars and cuirassiers. These four kinds of cavalry differ in uniform, arms and drilling. Some of the regiments bear the names of foreign sovereigns and other members of European royalty and nobility. The names are merely complimentary and have no significance in war. This is the case with the German regiment named the Emperor Alexander III of Russia's Uhlan, in compliment to a former Czar, now the first of the German troops to invade Russian Poland.

Cables From America to Europe Are in Danger of Being Cut

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—ALTHOUGH all the cables between the United States and Europe are protected upon the high seas by international treaties and agreements, they are entirely within the jurisdiction of European Governments when they reach soundings within the three-mile limit on the other side. Within that limit they may be cut at the pleasure of the Government controlling the territory at the terminus.

The fact that many of the cables are privately owned would not prevent them being cut, officials here believe, although International agreements provide strict penalties. In the necessities of war, they point out, a belligerent country probably would cut a cable if it accrued to its advantage and pay the penalty afterward.

Gold-Laden Liner Disguises Herself, Returns to U. S.

(Continued From Page 1.)

Bar Harbor today he received a long line of passengers, who congratulated him on his achievement. Capt. Pollock is a Lieutenant-Commander in the German naval reserves.

Col. G. F. B. Cobbett, an English military officer whose chagrin at not being able to join the army was apparent to everyone on board, was one of the few Englishmen on the ship. There were a number of German officers, Oral duels and miniature international warfare in the smoking rooms helped to divert the minds of the passengers who were inclined to melancholy.

To the English impossible.

The foggy nights were long vigils until this morning's sun burned its way through the mist that had hung over the North Atlantic. The only gleam of light that relieved the dead blackness was where the ship's friction stirred the sea into phosphorescence.

The pool on the time of arrival in Plymouth was changed to gambling on the American port into which the ship would go. Last night the betting was even on landing on the New England coast. Gov. Miller of Delaware believed Newport would be the landing place, then New York began to be a favorite. Finally, Plymouth and as far south as Hampton Roads also figured. Meantime the Captain shrugged his shoulders and was non-committal.

At 9 o'clock today the ship was waiting the arrival of boarding officers.

"And I do hereby warn all citizens of the United States, and all persons residing or being within its territory or jurisdiction that, while the free and full expression of sympathies in public and private not restricted by the laws of a belligerent cannot lawfully be restricted or prohibited within its jurisdiction, that, when personal sympathy lawfully and without restriction by reason of the aforesaid state of war manufacture and sell within the United States arms and munitions of war, and other articles ordinarily known as contraband of war, yet they cannot carry such articles on the high seas for the use or services of a belligerent. Nor can they transport soldiers and officers of a belligerent or attempt to break any blockade which may be lawfully established and maintained during the said war without incurring the risk of hostile capture and the penalties denounced by the law of nations in that behalf."

"And I do hereby give notice that all citizens of the United States and others who may claim the protection of this Government, who may be compelled to remain in the premises, will do so at their peril and that they can in no wise obtain any protection from the Government of the United States against the consequences of their misconduct."

Kroksprinzel Wins Salts With Com and Sea Stories.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The destination of the steamer Kroksprinzel Wilhelm of the North German Lloyd Line, which left this port last night with a cargo of coal and miscellaneous stores, was of much speculation in marine circles today.

The steamer after clearing Sandy Hook, had only her running lights burning and was headed in a southerly direction instead of northeastward, which is the usual course for steamships bound for Europe.

The southerly route taken and the fact that the steamer had about 2000 tons more coal than she would need to cross the Atlantic besides sea stores, led to report that she was going to sea to transfer supplies and fuel to the German cruisers Dresden, Strassburg and Karlsruhe, which have been reported as having in American waters.

The departure of the Wilhelm, it was feared in some quarters, might involve the United States in a neutrality controversy, but authorities agreed that gross negligence would have to be shown; also that the ship carried war materials.

Americans Overwhelmed With Orders for Meat

LONDON, Aug. 4.—American firms with offices in London were overwhelmed today with orders for canned meats. The prices quoted for this article of consumption have jumped from 10 to 30 per cent in the last few days.

An instructor in music for that boy or girl at home or in classes, can be found through the Post-Dispatch Musical War color.

* MARC REGUIN, Agent Consulaire de France.

MAHAN PREDICTS BRITAIN AND ITALY WILL AID RUSSIA

Naval Authority Says Germany's Ambitions Should Interest Americans.

BRITISH NAVY SUPERIOR

Rear Admiral Thinks Turkey and Bulgaria Can Be Held in Check.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Stating his belief that the war in Europe is one of calculated aggressiveness on Germany's part, and expressing the opinion that Great Britain, if it appreciates the situation, will declare war at once, Rear Admiral Alfred T. Mahan, retired naval officer, an authority, told naval affairs advanced in an interview here that the theory that Italy will be compelled to enter the fight against Austria and Germany.

Admiral Mahan regards Germany's actions as inexcusable, and thinks the Kaiser's absence from Berlin, when Austria presented her ultimatum to Serbia, was intended to deceive. He speaks of the "aggressive insolence" of Austria's ultimatum, and says its character, in view of Serbia's concessions, "indicate that the real cause of the war is other than set forth by the ultimatum."

Knowing how Russia would view the situation, he said, it is incredible that Austria would have taken the steps she did, unless assured in advance of the consent of Germany.

The inference is irresistible that the substance of the ultimatum was the pretext for a war already determined on, as soon as practicable.

Women Stand in Trains.

Women hugging newspaper bundles

containing expensive Fox frocks and

millinery were herded in third-class carriages and compelled to stand many

AMERICANS WITHOUT CASH TRAVEL IN "FLOATING HELL"

English Channel Boats Thus Described by Tourists Who Besiege Embassy Hoping to Get Home.

BY LOUIS SEIBOLD, Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch, and New York World. Copyright, 1914, by Press Pub. Co. (New York World.)

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The English Channel boats bearing American refugees from the Continent are described as floating hells.

London, making a heroic effort to cheer up in a true holiday spirit under a depressing war cloud threatening to burst every minute, gave the American victims of the war a cordial greeting and took as good care of them as possible, but could not lend them any money or cash perfectly good checks and money orders or change gold certificates.

Neither could London nor America's representatives extend assurances of permanent relief or even the problematic date of departure of steamer scheduled to sail toward America during the next three weeks.

American Ambassador Page frankly admitted to a crowd of 200 that he had no news of the plans of his Government to take citizens back home from British or continental ports. He was harassed by anxious women and children who asked many absurd questions that he could not answer.

To the Post-Dispatch correspondent the Ambassador said:

"The people of these people are most distressed. They are very much excited—and small wonder!—I regret that I have no definite news of the prospects or plans of the Government for relief."

"I have communicated conditions to the Department of State, and I expect a response and assurances of coming aid."

August sale of Black Silks now being held on the First Floor. Very special values are featured.



August sale of Sample Blankets Second Floor offers some unusual savings.

Tuesday, August 4, 1914

August Sale of Laces and Embroiderie

39c to 50c Flouncings, 25c

18-inch Swiss Flouncings, baby designs, large assortment, 39c and 50c values, yard, 25c.

15c to 18c Insertions, 10c

Swiss Edges and Insertions, medium width, attractive patterns, 15c and 18c values, yard, 10c.

25c Flouncings, 15c

Cambridge and narrow Swiss Flouncings, solid designs or imitation reticello point effects, 25c values, 15c.

\$1.25 Flouncings, 79c

45-inch Swiss Flouncings, a large assortment of combinations, large eyelet and mercerized solid embroidery designs, \$1.25 to \$1.75 values, 79c.

\$1, \$1.25 Flouncings, 59c

27-inch Flouncings of batiste, new designs, some with imitation Venice edges, \$1.00 to \$1.25 values, yard, 59c.

35c and 50c Edges, 25c

Oriental Edges and narrow Flouncings, embroidered, for sleeve and net trimmings.

\$2.25 Flouncings, 95c

45-inch Batiste Flouncings, attractive designs, English eyelet or solid embroidered ruffle effects, 25c values, yard, 95c.

65c Flouncings, 29c

\$1.25 Flouncings, 59c

Swiss Flouncings, elaborately embroidered open work or solid embroidery effects, very desirable for Russian tunics, gowns or waists, 65c value, 29c; \$1.25 value, 59c; \$1.75 value, 79c.

25c and 50c Lace, 10c

Near top or Edges, white or width for sleeves and waist, 25c value, yard, 10c.

75c and 85c Lace, 39c

Oriental Allover, hand embroidered, adapted for waists, 75c and 85c value 39c.

25c and 50c Lace, 10c

Shadow Lace Flouncings, widths and designs, 25c values, yard, 10c. (Most Floor.)

\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 Lace Curtains . \$1.00

Over 500 pairs of Cable Net, Nottingham or Scrims Curtains, in white or Arabian, in a great variety of patterns.

\$5 Panels, \$3.25

Real Arabian Lace Panels, 2½ yards long, made with very heavy lace.

\$5.50 Curtains, \$3.60

Fine novelty Net Curtains, 2½ yards long, mounted with fine 2-inch lace.

\$3.50 Curtains, \$2.15

Fine Net Curtains, white only, 2½ yards long, 7-inch flit insertion.

\$5.50 Curtains, \$4.90

Real Lace Arabian Curtains, 2½ yards long, extra large corner motif.

\$3.50 Curtains, \$2.19

Fine Net Curtains, white only, 2½ yards long, 7-inch flit insertion.

\$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 Lace Curtains . \$1.65

Fine Brussels weave and French Cable Net patterns that are copies of real lace and handmade curtains, white or Arabian.

\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 Lace Curtains . \$1.00

Over 500 pairs of Cable Net, Nottingham or Scrims Curtains, in white or Arabian, in a great variety of patterns.

TREET CARS BUMP STABBED BY NEIGHBOR

Brake Causes Three to die at Sarah Crossing. About Olive-Delmar car rammed westbound car of the same and knocked it into a north-south car at Sarah and Olive Tuesday morning. No one was hit.

That was the result of a crisis on the second Delmar car to hit the car ahead of it on rails.

Sale Candy Shop Soda Fountain the best of everything.

Col. Stephen C. Mills Dies. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Col. Stephen C. Mills, 60 years old, of the Inspector General's department of the army, died yesterday at Ticonderoga, N. Y., following a surgical operation. He was graduated from West Point in 1887.

Jensenbrenner's
SUMMER FASHIONABLES
WE GIVE EAGLE STAMPS

**Summer Footwear
Must Go!**



**nials—Cleopatras—Plain Pumps
—Mary Janes”—Oxfords**

choice of all this season's latest Footwear creations in all Patent, Gummets or Black Satin. Every pair must go to you for Fall merchandise, and we have cut the prices so ridiculous that you cannot help but grasp at this opportunity.

and \$3.50 VALUES, \$4.00 and \$5.00 VALUES,

2.35 \$2.85

Pumps and Oxfords

and \$3 Values
00 PAIRS

We decided to clean up every of women's tan low Shoes in house and here's a price that to it. Choice of plain Pumps, Pumps and button or lace sizes—sizes 2½ to 4½ galore, few larger sizes. Come early our first choice at.....

65c



**SAVINGS
ACCOUNTS
OPENED ON OR BEFORE
AUG. 5TH**

WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM
AUG. 1ST
OPEN MONDAY
EVENINGS UNTIL 7.30

**MERCANTILE
TRUST COMPANY**

US ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED AND DEPOSITS MADE BY MAIL

GERMANY CHARGES
CZAR AND FRANCE
BEGAN HOSTILITIES

"White Book" Says Russia Invaded Fatherland Before War Was Declared.

TELEGRAMS PUBLISHED
Emperor Nicholas Says His People Must Protect Servia and Themselves.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.— Responsibility for the war in which Germany, Russia and France are now engaged is placed squarely upon the shoulders of Emperor Nicholas in the White Book issued by the German Government and given prominence in the press today. While negotiations looking to a peaceful way out of the difficulties were pending, Russia, it is charged, invaded Germany and a few hours later France opened hostilities.

The German Emperor, it is set forth, in response to the suggestion from London and the appeal of the Russian monarch, was using his influence at Vienna to satisfy Russia regarding the intentions of Austria in Servia, but in that very hour Russia was mobilizing her army.

Ultimatum Was Sent.

After a fruitless appeal to Emperor Nicholas to abandon his warlike preparations and so avert a peril to civilization, the German Government on the afternoon of July 31 instructed its Ambassador at St. Petersburg to give notice that Germany would mobilize unless Russia suspended her military measures inside of 12 hours. At the same time, France was given 18 hours in which to declare whether she would remain neutral in a war between Russia and Germany. The White Book continues:

"The Imperial Ambassador in St. Petersburg made the communication entrusted to him to M. Sazonoff (the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs) at midnight on July 31. After the time set for Russia had expired without the receipt of an answer to our question, His Majesty, the Emperor, at 8 p. m. on Aug. 1 ordered the mobilization of the whole German army and the imperial navy."

The Imperial Ambassador in St. Petersburg had meanwhile received a commission to communicate to the Russian Government a declaration of war in the event that the Russian Government should not give a satisfactory answer within the period allotted it. But before a report of the execution of this commission had arrived Russian troops crossed our frontier on the afternoon of Aug. 1 and advanced on German territory. From this time on Russia has furthered the war against us.

In the meantime the Imperial Ambassador in Paris had placed the inquiry with which he was commissioned before the French Cabinet at 8 p. m. on July 31. On Aug. 1 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon the French Prime Minister communicated an ambiguous and unsatisfactory answer, which gave no clear idea regarding the attitude of France as the author confined himself to declaring that France would do what her interests bade her to do.

"A few hours later, at 5 p. m., the mobilization of the entire French army and navy was ordered. On the morning of the next day France opened hostilities."

Germany Blames France. A further official communication regarding French acts of hostility against Germany was published here last night. It said:

"The German troops hitherto have obeyed the orders given by the German commanders not to cross the French frontier. French troops, on the contrary since yesterday have made several attacks on the frontier posts without any declaration of war having been made.

The French have crossed the frontier at several places in spite of the fact that the French Government a few days ago informed us that it would not infringe on the unoccupied zone of six miles from the frontier and since last night a number of French troops have been in the occupation of a number of German villages.

"French army aeronauts have been flying over Baden and Bavaria yesterday and today throwing bombs, and have violated Belgian neutrality by flying over Belgian territory into the province of the Rhine in an effort to destroy our railways.

"In this way France has opened the attack upon us and has established a state of war, which has compelled the German Empire to take defensive measures for the security of its territory."

Czar's Message to Kaiser. The Russian Emperor July 31 sent the following telegram to the German Emperor:

"I thank thee from my heart for this mediation, which leaves a gleam of hope that even now all may end peacefully. It is technically impossible to discontinue our military operation, which has been rendered necessary by Austrian mobilization. We are far from wishing for war, and so long as negotiations with Austria regarding Servia continue, my troops will not undertake any provocative action."

"I give thee my word upon it and I trust with my strength in God's grace and hope for the success of this mediation at Vienna and for our countries and the peace of Europe."

"Thy devoted Nicholas."

German Emperor's Reply. To this the German Emperor replied: "In answer to thy appeal for my friendship and thy prayer for my help: I undertook mediatory action between the Austro-Hungarian Government and thine. While this action was in progress thy troops were mobilized against my ally, Austria-Hungary, in consequence of which, as I have already informed thee, my mediation was rendered nearly illusory. Nevertheless, it continued, but now I am in possession of trustworthy advices concerning the

Corsets
\$1.00 Corsets in Regent, La Gay and American Beauty; of batiste and well boned; medium bust; special at 79c
50c Net Corsets with short hips; also tape girdles, in good sizes; at 25c
half price.

WE GIVE & REDEEM STAR TRADING STAMPS
Schaffer Bros.
THE BIG STORE
NINETEEN BLOCK, EIGHTH, NINTH, ST. CHARLES AND WASHINGTON AVENUE

Sewing Machines
Singer, White and Wheeler & Wilson used Machines, sold under our club plan for a payment as low as 75c; special (Second Floor) \$12.00

Greatest—Yes, Greatest by Far, of Any SHIRT SALE Ever Held in St. Louis

and St. Louis will concur in this too, as we expect tremendous crowds at the opening of this big Shirt Sale. It will only need a glance at these Shirts to impress you with their unapproachable value. Far and away the best values St. Louis has ever seen. It's because some St. Louis manufacturers had too many shirts, and we secured these lots at enormous price reductions.

\$7.500 Worth of the Celebrated Brands of Noxall, Unique, Delmar, P. E. W. and Autocrat Silk and Linen, Silk Bosoms, Madras, Percales, Pongees, Etc.
Every Shirt in the lot bears the above brands; every Shirt in the lot new, desirable, stylish, the very shirt you want—that's what makes this so important a sale—about half price for the Shirts most in demand. Value-giving such as this is unusual, even here. No man can come here and leave without supplying himself with plenty of Shirts for the entire season—the correct stripe effects, the correct colorings, made without a flaw, to fit perfectly, comfortably. Of course you'll plan to be here tomorrow. So that every one can share in the offerings, only a dozen Shirts are sold to a customer.

Lot No. 1 consists of all 50c and 75c Shirt values; even a few \$1.00 ones at

Lot No. 2 consists of up to \$1.50 values and a few \$2.00 ones at

39c 50c
Basement and Main Floor

Special Bargains—Main Floor

Towel Specials
Large size red-bordered Huck Towels, each 5c
Red border Turkish Bath Towels, full bleached; 71c each
Laces and Insertions 4t^c
17-inch Oriental Laces; good quality; red border. 72c
28-inch Oriental Lace Flounce; regular 98c value. 52t^c
Towels at 14c
Silk Laces 1/2 Price
4-inch Swiss and Nautilus Edging and Insertions 2t^c
18-inch Embroidery, in blind and openwork effect. 7t^c
29c Corset Covering, in camisole and openwork. 12t^c
50c 60c Colored Crepes and Crepe de Chine. 35c
Dress Goods
Remnants of Wool Dress Goods; assorted weaves; length. 10c
Colored Dress Goods in medium-weight material; extra heavy quality; 68-inch yard. 25c
Mohair, 44 inches wide; 25c
assorted colors; yard. 25c
54-inch Hairline Serge; 29c
good quality; yard. 29c
(Main Floor, Aisle 1.)
Lace and Embroidery
5t^c Shadow, Torchon, Val and other Laces. 24t^c
15c 32-inch Zephyr Gingham; assorted plaids, yard. 10c
Wash Goods
25c black Suiting, Pongees, Crepes, Poplins, 12t^c
15c Kimono Crepes; assorted floral patterns; 7t^c
yard. (Main Floor)

Hats and Bags
50c and 75c beautiful Fabric Hand Bags; in all colors. 10c
Fancy Bead Bags. 25c
25c women's finest quality hand-emb. pure linea Handkerchiefs. 12t^c
Men's fine Cambric Handkerchiefs. 2c
White Goods
40-inch White Chiffon Voiles, fine mercerized finish; 7t^c
White Damask Remnants; extra heavy quality; 27c
36-inch Butcher Linens Remnants; heavy, soft fin- 7c
quish quality; yard. 29c
81x90 Double-bed size Sheets; made of good quality 50c
domestic. 50c
Jewelry
\$2.00 Fine selections of German silver Vanity Cases; have mirror and coin holder. 50c
50c Shaving Mirrors; large, square glass. 15c
\$1.25 Nickel-Plated Watches; fine American movement. 63c
\$2 German silver 6-inch Mesh Bags. \$1.00
Underwear Sale

For Women and Children
Women's 50c Union Suits: lace knee. 14c
Women's 15c Camisole Vests; Richelieu. 6c
Women's 25c Shaped Vests; extra sizes and full length. 12c
Boys' 25c Union Suits; ribbed; ecru color, special. 10c
Children's 15c Underwear; good substantial taping; special. 5c
Infants' 25c Vests; a nice fine ribbed garment. 7c
50c Silk Hose

Women's pure thread silk Hose; double lisle soles, high spliced heels; all silk as far as the knee; full fashioned or seamless; in black, white and colors; a good wearing quality assured; for Wednesday's selling; only (Main Floor) 29c

Bed Bargains Here for Tomorrow
This Bed \$3.98
THIS BED \$6.98
THIS BED \$5.98
THIS BED \$12.98
These Verme Martin Beds are well built, made with 10 fillers and heavy post; guaranteed to give good service; Wednesday only. \$3.98
This real genuine Brass Bed is offered at iron bed prices. Think of a brass bed at \$6.98, made with 2-inch straight fillers. \$6.98
Verme Martin Beds of Colonial straight post style, with heavy brass caps, and brass feet. The Verme Martin Bed on the market; never sold for less than \$10; Wednesday only. \$5.98
This is a real brass Brass Bed; you must see them to appreciate what beautiful beds these are. We simply want every home to have a handsome Brass Bed for the price of an iron bed; Wednesday only. \$12.98

Window Screens
24-in. high, 38-in. wide; full size; strong frame; covered with best black screen; special Wednesday only. 17c
51 Fringed Light
For inverted gas, complete with burner, glass Domes, amber or green, 48 in. 39c
48c cut Glass Tooth Pick Holders, extra special. 19c
Electric Irons
\$4.00 Electric Iron; highly polished; 6 pounds; just the thing for hot weather; complete with cord and stand and fully guaranteed Wednesday, only. \$2.49
Electric Irons
\$4.00 Electric Iron; highly polished; 6 pounds; just the thing for hot weather; complete with cord and stand and fully guaranteed Wednesday, only. \$2.49
Two Linoleum Specials

69c Linoleum
4 yards wide, extra heavy; very choice selection of patterns. This is truly a great bargain and should interest any thrifty housewife in need of Linoleum. You can save at least 14 the usual cost of covering your floor. Special Wednesday day at a yard. 31c
51.00 Inlaid Linoleum

Here is a most extraordinary Inlaid Linoleum bargain which means saving of at least 14 the usual cost. A regular \$1.00 quality Inlaid Linoleum, 2 yds. wide; color through to back; some very desirable patterns; extra special for Wednesday at a square yard. 69c
(Fourth Floor)

OUR 9th MILL-END AND SAMPLE CONT'D WEDNESDAY—BASEMENT
THE BIGGEST IN OUR HISTORY.
QUANTITIES HAVE BEEN REPLENISHED

Apron Gingham
Mill ends of Apron Gingham; as good as Amos Longcloth. 5c
Fine gingham; fully one yard wide; all colors; the ladies' fine underwear and ladies' fine dressings; very good quality. 5c
50c Extra Size Apron Gingham; sizes 10x12, 11x12, 11x13, 12x13; reduced to. 18c
52c White Velveteen Rugs; 9x12, seamless; fine woveted Wilton pile; handsome pattern; reduced to. 15c
Chambray
Mill ends of Chambray; soft finish; all colors, in plain, striped and checked; all good lengths; sale price, per yard. 7t^c
Butcher-Linen Torchon Lace
Mill ends of 12½ bleached Butcher Linen; 1 yard wide; just the kind for drawstring scarfs; excellent quality; made with set-in sleeves; cut full; one of Wednesday's specials (Basement). 28c
Samples of Shoes
Samples of Women's Low Shoes in patent leather, velvet, gunmetal, champagne, blucher cuts, white canvas; all made to sell for \$2.00 and up, will be found in our Basement, \$1.00
49c Children's Dresses
Sample lot of Children's Dresses; made of patent leather, velvet, gunmetal, champagne, blucher cuts, white canvas; all made to sell for \$2.00 and up, will be found in our Basement, \$1.00
50c Ladies' Gowns
Sample lot of G. J. Rand of New York, entailing a purchase of 100 dresses; all crisp and clean; adding about 50 of our regular stock; consisting of emerald, rose, celadon, emerald, etc.; made with Russian tunic. Oldstone collars; floral designs, in assortments; sizes 12 to 16; prices vary according to size. \$1.00
Samples of Women's Dresses—\$2 to \$5 Values
Samples of G. J. Rand of New York, entailing a purchase of 100 dresses; all crisp and clean; adding about 50 of our regular stock; consisting of emerald, rose, celadon, emerald, etc.; made with Russian tunic. Oldstone collars; floral designs, in assortments; sizes 12 to 16; prices vary according to size. \$1.00
50c Men's Sample Shirts and Drawers
These garments come in assorted sizes, strongly made, in a wide variety of colors; some square neck and other round; in various styles; made of good quality; made with deep cut plenum; a wide variety of styles. \$1.00
50c Rompers
We will sell our Children's 30c Rompers, in striped and solid colors; some square neck and other round; in various styles; made of good quality; made with deep cut plenum; a wide variety of styles. \$1.00
50c Blue Chambray Shirts
This great value in men's blue chambray shirts, put on sale in our Shirt Department. Wednesday only. \$1.00
(Basement) 90c

50c Ladies' Gingham
Mill ends of pure linen gingham, in various colors; some square neck and other round; in various styles; made of good quality; made with deep cut plenum; a wide variety of styles. \$1.00
(Basement) 15c

50c Sateen
Mill samples of Sateen; fine for dresses and coat linings; extra good quality; sale price, per yard. 18c
(Basement) 7c

Table Covers
Mill sample of Mexican drawn Table Cloth; 48x72, round; 56x108, square; 12x12, 15x15, 18x18, 20x20, 22x22, 24x24, 26x26, 28x28, 30x30, 32x32, 34x34, 36x36, 38x38, 40x40, 42x42, 44x44, 46x46, 48x48, 50x50, 52x52, 54x54, 56x56, 58x58, 60x60, 62x62, 64x64, 66x66, 68x68, 70x70, 72x72, 74x74, 76x76, 78x78, 80x80, 82x82, 84x84, 86x86, 88x88, 90x90, 92x92, 94x94, 96x96, 98x98, 100x100, 102x102, 104x104, 106x106, 108x108, 110x110, 112x112, 114x114, 116x116, 118x118, 120x120, 122x122, 124x124, 126x126, 128x128, 130x130, 132x132, 134x134, 136x136, 138x138, 140x140, 142x142, 144x144, 146x146, 148x148, 150x150, 152x152, 154x154, 156x156, 158x158, 160x160, 162x162, 164x164, 166x166, 168x168, 170x170, 172x172, 174x174, 176x176, 178x178, 180x180, 182x182, 184x184, 186x186, 188x188, 190x190, 192x192, 194x194, 196x196, 19

SICK FROM FEAR FOR WIFE

Man Worried by Family Being in Austria, Goes to Hospital. Armin Kritsler, 39 years old, of 4432 Arco avenue was taken to the city hospital Monday night for observation. Relatives told the police he had worried himself sick over the plight of his wife and four children, who are in Austria-Hungary.

News of the war in Europe and fear for the safety of his family affected his mind so that it was believed he might become violent.

A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism, and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in men and women. If not sold by your druggist will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is three months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials from this and other states. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive st., St. Louis. Mo. Sold by druggists.—ADV.

RAILROAD MEN SIGN AGREEMENT FOR ARBITRATION

Representatives of 98 Roads and 60,000 Engineers and Firemen Assure Peace.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Peace in the railroad world west of the Mississippi River for the next 15 months at least was assured early today when representatives of 89 railroads and 60,000 engineers and firemen signed an agreement to submit their differences to arbitration.

It was the culminating act in efforts of the Federal Board of Mediation to avert what President Wilson characterized as a "national disaster," and followed the President's appeal to the rail-

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

roads to place patriotism above property interests.

They agreed to arbitration under a plan already approved by the mediators and the employees, although they realized, and President Wilson pointed out, that all the merits of their case could not be considered.

When the Board of Arbitration is organized its hearings will take place in Chicago. The railroads and the employees immediately will name two arbitrators each, and they will select two others. If they fail to agree on that point, the Board of Mediation will act. The hearings must be begun within 30 days after organization of the boards, and its award must be made within the next 90 days. It will become effective 10 days later and continue for 15 months.

The election to be submitted to the board are the original demands of the employees contained in their communication to the railroads last October. Counter claims of the railroads are withdrawn. The wage schedules and working rules in effect last October are restored, and they cannot be adversely affected, so far as the employees are concerned, by any award of the arbitrators.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

Widespread complaint by candidates who failed to receive the endorsement of the Municipal Voters League and the resignation of President Walter W. Birge, brought forth a statement from Luther Ely Smith, the secretary, that Birge's resignation was not due to any disagreement over the endorsement of candidates.

Birge had a letter dated June 30 and signed by Birge asking that some other person be selected to take charge of the committee's work because his business would require him to be away from the city much of the time before the primary.

"Mr. Birge did help out in the work even after writing the letter," Smith said. "Because he did not wish to be thought to be deserting a duty. When the work was done he left. This was not my suggestion and his resignation is due solely to the fact that his business takes him away from St. Louis."

"The committee realizes that it cannot expect to have the good wishes of those candidates who are not recommended by it. There has been complaint that we have not published the records of the candidates and that we have only printed conclusions drawn by us. We considered it useless to print the records of 389 candidates. We did not believe people would read them."

"In the general election when there are only two or three candidates for each office, we print the records."

"Therefore, we have not recommended to the voters a choice of two or more good men where there are several good men running for an office in that we believe that the only way to defeat a bad man running against several good men is to recommend the man we believe from all our information would make the best officer. That is what we have done. If the voter was told that any of several good men would do, the probabilities are that the bad man would win."

The league's committee is composed of Smith, Alexander Galt, William A. Beck, Frank P. Crunden, E. A. Hilderman, George Schmidhauser and James A. Wood. The committee decides which candidates will be endorsed. John F. O'Donnell and William J. O'Donnell, both lawyers, who are candidates for Justice of the Peace in the Eighth District, complain that they were not being treated fairly by the Municipal Voters' League, which endorses George Grassmuck, a harness maker, and made no inquiries, they assert, of the persons they gave as references, and ignored them in making its recommendations.

O'Donnell gave the names of five men. Only one was questioned by the League, and he gave a favorable report on O'Donnell. Jones gave the names of eight men; none were questioned, he said.

O'Donnell is a member of the National Guard and of the Knights of Pythias. Jones is a member of several organizations.

R. B. Haughton, who is a candidate for the Circuit bench, thinks he has not been treated fairly by the League, which named three of the eight candidates as the "best men" for the bench.

It is the first time, he says, that the recommendations of the league have been limited to the number to be elected. Heretofore it has recommended more than the number to be elected, so that voters could take their choice. He thinks, too, that the league, instead of recommending any of the candidates, should simply give their records and let the voters do the picking.

Haughton was formerly a Justice of the Peace, and thinks that his experience adds to his qualifications for the Circuit bench.

CHILD FRACTURES SKULL IN FALL FROM PORCH

Helen Batskey, 2 Years Old, Loses Balance on Stool and Drops Ten Feet.

Helen Batskey, 2 years old, fell from the back porch of her home, 208 Division street, a distance of about 10 feet, Tuesday morning, and was seriously injured. She was standing on a stool when she lost her balance.

Her mother, Mrs. Joseph Batskey, picked her up and ran to the Physicians' and Surgeons' Dispensary, at Jefferson and Gamble street, but being unable to get in there, took her to the Dayton Street Police Station, from where she was taken to the city hospital.

The child suffered a fracture of the skull and internal injuries, hospital doctors said.

BELLE: Six of us fellows joined the Vacation-less Club of Loftis Bros., the National Credit Jewelers, 22 floor, 308 N. 6th. We all bought a diamond ring. I got yours.

400 CHICAGO TEACHERS MAROONED IN EUROPE

Mrs. Young, Superintendent, and companion can't be reached by messages to Berlin.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Chicago schools will suffer because of the absence of a large number of teachers, marooned in Europe by war conditions, unless the transport of noncombatants out of the scene of action is arranged for. More than 400 teachers from this city are in Europe, and attempts to get into communication with them have failed. Among those missing are Mrs. Ellis Flagg Young, superintendent of Chicago schools, and her traveling companion, Mrs. Gertrude How Britton, who are thought to be in Berlin.

A special telegraph from London today said the German Inspection Committee of the Chicago City Council, with whom Mrs. Young and Mrs. Britton had been traveling, has been unable to get word from either since they went to Germany.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

NO PROSECUTION FOR TACKING CARDS ON POLE

Case of Man Working for Candidate Dismissed by Assistant City Attorney.

Assistant City Attorney Norman J. Sadler on Tuesday ordered the dismissal of a case in the Dayton Street Police Court against John Thomas of 6014 Kensington avenue, who was ar-

rested Monday night when tacking on telephone poles cards urging the nomination of Judge Karl Kimmel of the Municipal Police Court for the office of Circuit Judge.

Thomas was arrested at Taylor avenue and Suburban tracks. Policeman Heake, who made the arrest, said that Thomas refused to stop putting up cards. Sadler, his associate, said that, in dismissing the case, he acted on telephone instructions from Sadler.

DESCENDING ELEVATOR FRACTURES MAN'S JAW

Workman Is Struck on Head While Calling to Companion in Basement.

August Harting, 24 years old, of 1800 Burd avenue, a compounder for the Huritt Distillery Co., in the Publicity Building, Eleventh and Pine streets, was injured Tuesday morning by the freight elevator in the building. He had gone

to the elevator shaft on the fifth floor to call down to a man in the basement when the car, in charge of C. C. Campbell, struck him. His jaw was fractured and his head incised. He was taken to the hospital.

EARTH SHOCK AT KINGSTON, JAMAICA

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 4.—A severe earth shock was felt here yesterday and caused considerable alarm. The damage, however, was reported

AUGUST LINEN SALE

THE great success of this sale—Monday and Tuesday—was beyond our highest expectations—we anticipated large crowds—but never as enthusiastic a throng as was here. Our stocks are so large that despite the tremendous selling you will find them as complete as on the opening morning of this sale. Read the following items.

12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c and 10c Bleached Muslin;
36-inch, splen-
dit quality, soft fin-
ish Bleached Muslin;
limit 10 yards to
each customer;
per yard.....

5 $\frac{1}{2}$ C



10 to 11 A. M. Fine English Long-
cloth — 250
bolts; superior
quality English
Longcloth, soft
chamomile finish,
36 inches wide,
in 10-yd. bolts;
\$1.25 value, st.

69C

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

69c and 50c Table Damasks

64 inches wide, excellent quality, beautiful Bleached Table Damasks; one of the greatest values have ever seen; fully 1600 yards, in the most elaborate patterns at (Main Floor and Basement).....

29C

\$3 Scalloped Tablecloths

Large size, the most beautiful Mercerized Satin Damask Cloths ever made; 64x72 inches; Wednesday morning, 100 cloths; \$3.00 value.....

\$1.25

TOWELINGS

Barnsley Toweling; fast edge, soft finish, round thread absorbent Barnsley Toweling; extra special.....

5C

14 $\frac{1}{2}$ c Barnsley Crochet Toweling;
17-inch, extra heavy Scotch Barnsley Linen Towel-
ing; 1600 yards; extra.....

9C

5c Bleached Roller Toweling;
fast edge, red border, bleached
Roller Toweling; 25 yards in the bolt; a
yard value.....

3 $\frac{1}{2}$ C

25-yard bolt for.....

.90c

19c Pillow Tubing—Extra fine
quality Pillow Tubing; makes
slips without a seam; a
most remarkable
bargain; 19c value.....

11C

98c Crochet Bedspreads—Splendid
quality Pillow Tubing; makes
slips without a seam; a
most remarkable
bargain; 19c value.....

69C

98c Crochet Bedspreads—Splendid
quality; absolutely no
dressing; ready to put
on the bed; extra
special.....

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special.....

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98c Crochet Bedspreads—Splendid
quality; absolutely

Wednesday **Garlands** Tomorrow
Summer Dress Clean-Up

Choice of any Summer Dress in the house—selling heretofore for, and between the prices of \$8.90 and \$22.50

FOR \$3.98 AND \$7.90

800 DRESSES ALTOGETHER

415 That Were Formerly \$8.90 to \$12.75

These Are Now \$3.98

385 That Were Formerly \$14.75 to \$22.50

These Are Now \$7.90

Every One a Late Tunic Model—Mid-Summer and Late Summer Styles.

Plain and corded voiles, pure linen, rice cloth, awning stripe dimities, candy stripe voiles, flowered and dotted voiles, pin stripes and checks, imported ratié in solid colors and stripes. Over 100 styles and every size for juniors and misses 13 to 20, and women 34 to 44 bust—and a few extra large sizes. \$3.98 and \$7.90.

Last Call on Silk Coats

Choice of All Silk Coats and Capes, Formerly \$25 and \$35—and a Few Were \$45—

Rich, changeable taffetas, soft, shimmering satins, faille and moire silk, in black and colors. 75 altogether (Fourth Floor).

NOW \$10.00



Summer Blouses Must Go

2000 Blouses in 4 Close-Out Lots

Lot 1—A collection of 1200 fine lingerie blouses of French voile, beautifully lace and embroidery trimmed—all sizes—Formerly \$2.00 and \$2.50—Sell Quick Price, Wednesday..... \$1.00

Lot 2—\$2.00 and \$2.50 Jap. Silk Waists; only 300; all white, with the fashionable organdie collar and cuffs; many styles, but broken sizes; Sell Quick Price, Wednesday..... \$1.39

Lot 3—A choice lot of \$2.50 and \$2.98 blouses, in French voile and batiste; beautifully trimmed; Sell Quick Price, Wednesday..... \$1.55

Lot 4—Small odd lots of \$4.00 and \$5.00 summer lingerie, lace and silk blouses, white and black; Sell Quick Price, Wednesday..... \$1.98

THOMAS W. GARLAND

409-11-13 N. Broadway

LAND and WATER TRIPS—INTERESTING CITIES

Going via Chicago, rail to Boston, steamer to Norfolk, rail to St. Louis.....	\$45.90
Going via Chicago, rail to Boston (via Montreal or Norwood), rail to St. Louis.....	42.30
Going via Chicago, rail to Boston (via Montreal or Norwood), steamer to New York, rail to St. Louis.....	43.50
Going via Chicago, rail to Boston (via Montreal or Norwood), rail to New York, rail to St. Louis.....	44.25
Going via Chicago, rail to Boston, steamer to Savannah, rail to St. Louis.....	56.90
Going via Chicago, rail to New York, steamer to Savannah, rail to St. Louis.....	53.30
Going via Chicago, rail to New York, steamer to Norfolk, rail to St. Louis.....	41.10
Going via Chicago, rail to New York (via Montreal), rail to St. Louis.....	42.70
Going via New Orleans, steamer to New York, rail to St. Louis.....	75.00
Going via Chicago rail to New York, steamer to New Orleans, rail to St. Louis.....	75.00

CIRCLE TOURS EAST
ILLINOIS CENTRAL
NEW YORK
BOSTON



The above, and many other attractive vacation trips in various directions, can be best made in connection with the Illinois Central service leaving St. Louis: Daylight Special (All-Steel Train) 12:30 a.m.—Diamond Special (Steel Equipment) 3:10 p.m.

Among other localities reached by this service are the resorts of Michigan, in connection with which, and carried daily on the Daylight Special, is a through

SLEEPING CAR TO HARBOR SPRINGS, MICH.

City Ticket Office, 207 Olive St. P. D. MILLER, D. P. A. Phases: Olive 2232; Central 84

**REBELS REPORTED
WITHIN 18 MILES
OF MEXICO CITY**

Ranch Owner Flees to Capital in Auto to Warn Inhabitants of Advance.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 4.—That the advance guard of the Constitutionalists is only about eighteen miles north of the capital was the news brought to the city today by Mariano Munoz, owner of the hacienda La Concepcion, situated between Telolo, Yucatan and Cuauhtlan, on the line of the Mexican Central.

Munoz says the Constitutionalists were seen approaching the hacienda at 5:30 and he immediately started for the city in an automobile. Owing to the hurry with which he left he did not inquire what command the rebels belonged to.

Washington Awaits Explanation of Rebel Advance.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Administration officials today awaited an explanation of the announcement from Saltillo that Carranza had ordered an advance of 70,000 Constitutional troops on Mexico City. With the beginning of conferences at Saltillo for the transfer of power in the Federal capital, it had been understood an armistice would be agreed to.

Provisional President Carbajal yesterday asked the American Government informally, through Jose Castellot, if it knew the intentions of Gen. Carranza. Castellot was at a loss to understand the advance on Mexico City.

Washington officials did not believe Carranza would ignore previous plans for a peaceful transition of government in Mexico City because American recognition would be withheld if the capital were taken by fighting.

Constitutionalist agents today said out a statement by Carranza which said in part:

"As to foreign residents in Mexico and foreign interests having investments here, my attitude has been and will remain one of maximum cordiality. Any person who has suffered damages on account of the revolution and files a claim for such shall have his due consideration, and if found to be just, will be paid as I set forth in the decree of May 23, 1911. My action in this regard will be the same toward all nations, irrespective of the fact that some foreign countries have been openly hostile toward the Constitutionalists."

"Fortunately, the Government of the United States, always a friend of liberty and a supporter of justice, has been in sympathy with the righteous aims of the revolution and its great moral support has been of incalculable aid to the Constitutional cause."

CAR KILLS BOY WHO TRIES TO CROSS TRACK

Motorman Says Lad Jumped From Wagon Just in Front of Car.

Philip Cosson, 7-year-old son of Mrs. Diana Cosson, 487A South Broadway, was struck and killed by a Broadway car Monday afternoon in the front of the Cosson home. He was dragged by the car.

The boy had been riding on a wagon and jumped from the rear of the wagon when it arrived opposite his home. He started to run across the car track, and the motorman, Charles Shadick, of 2224 Clark Avenue, said he did not see the boy until the car was almost upon him, and that there was no opportunity to stop the car.

The boy's mother was informed by neighbors of the accident and collapsed when she saw the body of her boy was carried into the house. The motorman and the conductor, Charles Brigham of 81 Gano avenue, were taken to Carondelet Police Station and were released after they had made statements of the details of the accident.

The La Salle Candy Shop Soda Fountain serves the best of everything.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

John Rowell.....	1901 Bluff
Mrs. Anna Treasury.....	1912 Dodier
Henry Hunter.....	Rosedale, Mo.
Mrs. Hermine Kaiser.....	1538 Menard
Elvira L. Johnson.....	1538 Menard
Mrs. Theresa Nass.....	Kingsbridge, Mo.
J. Bert Atkins.....	412A Madison
Bert C. Dee Mar.....	6414 Eustis
Sammy Stevens.....	2000 Grand
Edna Matthews.....	3868 Blaine
Herschell S. Mitchell.....	Creston, Mo.
Oliver W. Miller.....	Dexter, Mo.
Edward C. Hause.....	Morrisonville, Ill.
Agnes May McClure.....	Morrisonville, Ill.
William B. Gaines.....	412A S. Compton
Ella B. Nolan.....	412A S. Compton
Felicie Carlie.....	2254 Clark
Mrs. Anna Kopman.....	2228 Biddle
Edward F. Stenstrom.....	Pooria, Ill.
James W. Weller.....	2228 Biddle
Russell R. Thomas.....	Wentzville, Mo.
Clara Post.....	4544 Vista
Rudolph L. Moeschel.....	1820 S. 24
Alice C. Moore.....	2218 S. 24
Ignacy Banach.....	2218 S. 24
Veronica Banach.....	New York City
Al. Stanley Graff.....	Carrollton, Ill.
Frank V. Hays.....	Boardstown, Ill.
Marie Slemer.....	Boardstown, Ill.
Mary Johnson.....	210 S. 24
Fred W. Knobels.....	2544 Morgan
Edita Fregard.....	2627A St. Louis
James H. Hall.....	1386 Blackstone
Billie Williams.....	1516 Harrison
Jesus B. Richards.....	Georgetown, Ill.
Margaret R. Fitzgerald.....	201 Franklin
John Koenig.....	201 Franklin
Mrs. Alma Shatto.....	212 Market
Joe Carny.....	St. Louis
Louise Kirschbaum.....	819 Warren
John C. Clegg.....	820 Penn
Minnie Weston.....	822 Pennsylvania
Henry V. Johnson.....	3131 Lacole
Etta M. Jones.....	Kansas City, Mo.
George H. Jones.....	2013 Franklin
Mrs. Annie Morton.....	Webster, Grove, Mo.
Roland A. Wirs.....	4128 Clark
Ella Sage.....	4128 Clark
John H. Hause.....	4128 Clark
Marie Brandhorst.....	East St. Louis, Ill.
Alfred J. Schwartz.....	2510 Geraldine
Blanche B. Andrew Jr.....	2419 Robin
Nicola Mulvey.....	2419 Robin

At Edwardsville..... Belleville
EME Sanders..... Belleville
W. C. Beckmeyer..... Lima, Kan.
Alma Becker..... Livingston
Helen Prokeski..... Livingston
Anastasia Denis..... Livingston

Bald Gold Wedding Rings, \$2 to \$5.
JACCARD'S, Broadway, cor.

Lammert's
August Clearing Sale

THRONGS bought spiritedly Monday and Tuesday, the first days of our 1914 August Clearing Sale, but even greater crowds of eager buyers are expected tomorrow since news has gone 'round of the unequalled bargains prevailing on every class and kind of furniture during this sale.

EVERY PIECE OF FURNITURE ON OUR FLOORS HAS BEEN RADICALLY REDUCED, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF SECTIONAL BOOKCASES AND BUSINESS FURNITURE, AND IN MANY CASES THE REDUCTIONS ARE AS TREMENDOUS AS 25, 33 1/3, 50 AND EVEN 60%. THESE PIECES WERE NOT BOUGHT FOR A "SALE"—THEY COMprise OUR REGULAR CELEBRATED LINES, THE PRODUCTS OF SUCH FAMOUS MAKERS AS BERKE & GAY, ROYAL, RETTING, GUSTAV STICKLEY, IMPERIAL AND OTHERS OF FIRST WATER.

Young couples going to housekeeping within the next year—you, who are building new homes or moving and will need just a few pieces—you who expect to furnish your entire home—this sale affords you opportunities for economy of the most emphatic nature.

DURING THIS SALE OUR STORE WILL BE OPEN FROM 8 TO 5, INCLUDING SATURDAY.

**Samples of Our Sensational Reductions
During This Sale on Fine Bedroom Furniture**

Dressers	Chiffomiers	Toilet Tables	Beds and Brass Beds
\$130 Mahogany	\$100 Mahogany	\$12 Solid Mahogany	\$225 Mahogany Poster Bed
\$150 Mahogany	\$85 Mahogany	\$107 Early Oak	\$144 Mahogany Kid Poster
\$260 Mahogany	\$217 Mahogany	\$110 Solid Mahogany	\$122 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$95 Mahogany	\$75 Mahogany	\$98 Mahogany	\$112 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$85 Mahogany	\$55 Mahogany	\$90 Solid Mahogany	\$112 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$80 Mahogany	\$64 Mahogany	\$85 Solid Mahogany	\$112 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$66 Mahogany	\$45 Mahogany	\$75 Solid Mahogany	\$112 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$49 Circ. Walnut	\$36 Mahogany	\$64 Solid Mahogany	\$112 Circular Mahogany Poster
\$34 White Enamel.....	\$25 White Enamel	\$52 G. Oak	\$100.00 values for
\$17 White Enamel	\$18.25	\$10.50 White Enamel	\$75.00 values for
		\$7.50	\$54.00 values for
			\$25.00 values for
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			\$10.00 values for
			\$9.00 values for
			\$8.00 values for
			\$7.00 values for
			\$6.00 values for
			\$5.00 values for

These items listed above were selected at random for publication; wherever you turn you will find the greatest furniture bargains of your life. Those who attend early will secure best choice.

Dining-Room Furniture

This sale permits equally attractive saving opportunities in every grade of Dining-Room Furniture. Whether you prefer Early English, fumed oak, golden oak, Cathedral oak, mahogany or anything in the appealing period styles so much in vogue, you will find this sale an unequalled opportunity to supply your needs.

CURRENCY ISSUE MEASURE IS SENT TO THE PRESIDENT

Both Houses Adopt Amendments to Law That Provides \$1,000,000,000 for Emergency Use.

Issues of Clearing House Certificates Up-to-Date	
First Issue	Last Issue Total Amount
1890...Nov. 23...Feb. 27	\$ 7,876,000
1891	1891
1891...July 19...Feb. 2	22,685,000
1891	1891
1891...Nov. 6...Jan. 9	11,471,000
1891...March 7...May 25	17,728,000
1891...March 22...Nov. 20	26,665,000
1891...May 15...June 6	24,915,000
1891...Nov. 12...Dec. 23	16,645,000
1891...June 21...Sept. 6	41,480,000
1891...Oct. 26...Jan. 59	101,060,000
1891	1891
1891...Aug. 8...1 day	20,274,000

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Amendments to the Aldrich-Vreeland currency law, extending issues of currency to 125 per cent of capital and surplus of banks and trust companies in the Federal reserve system, were finally adopted in the House today. The Senate promptly agreed to them and they went to the White House for President Wilson's signature.

More than \$1,000,000,000 will be available for additional circulation during the European war crisis by the provisions of the amendments.

Under the modification of the law, all national banks and all State and trust company members of the Federal Reserve system, may issue notes up to 125 per cent of their combined capital and surplus.

Under the bill as originally passed by the Senate, the bank might have issued up to the former limit of \$300,000,000, but the House removed all restrictions as to amount. The Senate, however, afterwards amended the proposal to limit the issue to combined capital and surplus, and the extra \$5 per cent was added in conference as a compromise.

Wade Suggests Change.

Approximately \$1,780,000 of such capital and surplus is available upon which issue of notes may be based.

Festus J. Wade, president of the St. Louis Clearing House Association, also head of the Mercantile National Bank, is responsible for the admission of state banks and trust companies to the operation of the law.

Wade arrived here yesterday in response to the invitation of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to confer on methods to prevent financial stringency as a result of the European war.

Find that McAdoo was in New York and did not return until afternoon. Wade went to the capitol to hear the House debate on the emergency amendment. He had not heard what form the legislation would take and asked to see it.

"Why, this is excellent," he said. "But you do not go far enough. Why are not the state banks and trust companies that will become members of the Federal Reserve Association assured the same protection as the national banks?"

Leaders Accept Proposal.

Representative Glass, chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, and Senator Owen, chairman of a similar committee in the Senate, quickly agreed this should be done.

After watching the House proceedings, Wade went to the Treasury Department where he had a brief audience with Secretary McAdoo.

Wade dined here for St. Louis last night. He denied a local report that he had been tendered a place on the Federal Reserve Board.

CATCHES BURGLAR, TURNS HIM OVER TO HIS PALS

Boader Captures Man and Bogue Detectives Take Charge of Him.

A burglar, ransacking the home of John Humphrey 207 Cushing street, was captured by Charles Jetenski, a boader, about 2:30 a.m. Tuesday morning. Humphrey, 20 years old, was sent to get a policeman.

As the boy ran down the street shouting "police" he was stopped by two men at the corner who said they were detectives and asked what they could do. They accompanied the boy to his home and took charge of the burglar. The latter had a bundle of loot consisting clothing under his arm which he tossed aside and willingly accompanied the "detectives" from the house. Jetenski was requested to call at the Soulard street station and identify the burglar in the presence of the desk sergeant.

When Jetenski reached the station he was informed no burglar had been arrested by any real detective. The detective connected with headquarters had not been taken to any station. The real police then got busy and began a search for the burglar and the two boys—detectives who are believed to have been his "lookouts."

The La Salle Candy Shop Soda Fountain serves the best of everything.

STORK BEATS PHYSICIAN

Police Make Four Vain Calls for Doctor at Dispensary.

The police report that when the Stork was hovering over the home of Mrs. Wenna Vaughan, 20 years old, of 1421 Washington avenue, about 1 a.m. Tuesday, they were unable to get the services of an ambulance surgeon. They telephoned the central dispensary four times for an ambulance and doctor they held, and each time were told "the barge, the woman up" and send her to the city hospital.

A physician at the Regent Hotel was finally summoned, but before he arrived child had been born. The mother was reported to be progressing favorably.

Store Closed Daily at 5, Saturdays at 1.

FAIRMUS & BARR COMPANY, Olive, Locust, Sixth & Seventh.

Bring Us Your Dyeing & Cleaning To Do.

St. Louis Headquarters for Pictorial Review Patterns

Crowding Out Of Summer Apparel.

"Immutable orders" are given hundreds of garments to "vacate" at once. Smart Summer Dresses, Suits, Coats & Skirts are CROWDED OUT of their places & given special ticket of dismissal for Wednesday. So attractive are prices that we anticipate an enthusiastic, active, wholesale ROUND-UP of these garments before late in the day. Prices are almost unbelievable, but the goods are here.

\$17.50, \$19.75 & \$25 Wash Dresses, \$8.90

Charming Summer styles of plain & fancy voiles, ratine, crepe, embroidered net & imported organdy, white & colors

\$8.90

Extraordinary!! \$29.75, \$35 & Up to \$65 Silk & Wash Dresses, \$15

Beautiful dresses, styles & materials, individual models to win distinctive tastes. Marked at \$15 give-away round-up price of.

\$30, \$35 & \$40 Wool Suits, \$14.50

175 smart blue & black Suits—wool poplin, gaberdine & serge clearing in this CROWDING OUT, Wednesday.

\$14.50

\$10 & \$12.50 Wash Dresses, \$3.50

Women's & Misses' Sizes

Latest models of voile, ratine, linen & organdy, in white, striped effects and color combinations.

\$3.50

Women's & Misses' \$12.50 to \$20 Coats, \$5

Silk, wool, washable & mohair Coats, short, 3/4 & 7/8 lengths, all good style, choice.

\$5

\$19.75 to \$29.75 Wool Suits, \$8.75

100 Tailored Cloth Suits, consisting of black or blue serge, gaberdine & novelty fabrics—special.

\$8.75

\$2.98, \$3.98 & \$4.50 Wash Skirts, \$1

Women's & Misses' Sizes & Extra Sizes 500 of them, of imported pique & linen, new style, fresh & new, will have active taking at the give-away price of.

Aprons & House Dresses

Women's striped gingham & percale Bungsaw Aprons, buttoned back or front—Wednesday, 45¢.

Women's percale, lawn & chambry House Dresses, square or round neck—\$1 & \$1.25 values—Wednesday, 65¢.

Women's percale & lawn Dressing Sacques, square or round necks, with or without ruffle \$2 & 50¢ values—Wednesday, 25¢.

Women's \$1 & \$1.25 Undermuslins, 79¢

Gowns—Sheer nainsook, allover Empire styles—also other styles. Petticoats—Sheer nainsook, lace & embroidery trimmed. Drawers—Sheer nainsook, lace & embroidery trimmed. Combinations—Sheer nainsook, lace & embroidery trimmed. Corset Covers—Sheer nainsook, lace & medallion trimmings.

Choice 79¢

Women's \$1.98 Undermuslins, \$1.33

Combination—Sheer nainsook, lace & embroidery trimmed. Daywear Chemise—Nainsook, short & long, lace & medallion trimmings. Silk Petticoats—Flowered, lace flounces. Gowns—Sheer nainsook, lace trimmed. Drawers—Sheer nainsook, with ribbons trimmings & lace.

Choice \$1.33

Third Floor

Make Haste! You Men Who Would Have These \$15, \$18, \$20 & \$11 \$22.50 Suits at

The days of this semi-annual clearaway of our clothing stocks & the notable \$11 sale are numbered.

Men must take the opportunity NOW if they would choose from the hundreds of high-grade Suits marked to this price level for the purpose of righting stocks.

There are Suits to please the fellow of distinctive tastes & to suit the man of more prosaic ideas. Novelty fabrics a-plenty, plain BLUE SERGE & MOHAIR & 2 & 3 piece Suits which formerly were priced at \$15, \$18, \$20 & \$22.50, for a few more days, choice at

\$11

Second Floor

Basement Gallery Sale of Dresses

Clearing Out All Summer Dresses Formerly Priced at Up to \$10, in Two Lots

\$1.98 & \$3.15

The most remarkable Dress occasion of the Basement Gallery this season, in which every garment in stock formerly priced to \$10 is grouped for disposal.

Included are fetching styles of white or colored voile, fancy or plain crepe, large awning stripes, lingerie & allover embroideries, imported striped tissues & solid color pure linens. Different styles are made with the popular long Russian tunic, open-front style, & majority have short sleeves. Every size & color or color combination in the lot—in two wondrously low-priced groups.

Regular \$3, \$4 & \$5 Dresses, clearing at ..

\$1.98

Reg. \$6, \$7.50, \$8.50 & \$10 Dresses, clearing at **\$3.15**

Basement Gallery

Undermuclins

Women's embroidered & lace-trimmed Drawers—allover Empire styles—V or high neck gowns—fancy trimmings—Corset Covers—some dotted Sylk—Linen—Wool.

Women's long lawn Kimonos—scalloped down front—collars & sleeves—Wednesday, 25¢.

Jacquard Pongees, 23¢ 24-in. half-silk tan Jacquard Pongee with coin dot—Wednesday, 25¢.

Crepé Ratines, 19¢ 21-in. silk-mixed Crepe Ratine in pink, tan & rose—Wed., 19¢ Basement Gallery

Pequot Cases, 15¢ 200 dozen genuine Pequot Cases—various sizes—put up under different styles. They are slightly mill stained—each Wednesday, 15¢. (Not over 1 dozen on 2nd & 3rd floors.)

Bed Sheets, 87¢ 31x36-in. sizes, snow-white, semi-crepe—only of the standard makes—slight mill stains—Wednesday, 87¢.

New Voiles, 15¢ 25 grade 40-inch black & white stripe Voile—sizes 2, 4 & 6—medium quality—Wednesday, 15¢.

New Elderlawns—all shades—32-in. double face—yard, 25¢

26 Pure Linen, 15¢ Natural shade—wide wide guaranteed pure—each \$10 pieces to sell—for auto coats, skirts, etc.—Wednesday, 15¢ Basement Gallery

26 Bleached Muslin, 6¢ Full 40 to 50-yard lengths—white, 34-in. width—each \$10—mill cost—Wednesday, 6¢

New Linen—Lawn Batiste, for children's wear—yard, 25¢

46-in. White Voile—beautiful quality—yard, 11¢

36-in. corded Romper Cloth—near stripes—yard, 16¢

Other shades—yard, 16¢

Unbleached Muslin—cuts 3 to 18 years—yard, 6¢ Basement Gallery

We Give Eagle Stamps & Redem Full Books for \$3 in Cash or \$3.50 in Merchandise. Few Restricted Articles Are Excepted.

Famous-Barr Co.

ENTIRE BLOCK: OLIVE, LOCUST, SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West

We Give Eagle Stamps & Redem Full Books for \$3 in Cash or \$3.50 in Merchandise. Few Restricted Articles Are Excepted.

We Sell FREE Sewing Machines at \$1 Per Week.

Exclusive Distributors of Indian Girl Canvases

Keeping Tab on Opportunity

Post-Dispatch readers are always in touch with many chances worth while.

Phone Your Want—6600—Olive or Central

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PAGES 11-18.

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4, 1914.—PART TWO.

PAGES 11-18.

PRIMARY VOTE 35,000 AT 2 P.M., BOARD'S ESTIMATE

Election Commissioners Look
for a Light Ballot in Today's
Nomination Fight.

20,000 IN BY 9 A.M.
Early Voting Heavier in North,
South Side and River Wards
Than in West End.

Election Commissioners estimated at 2 p.m. today that between 35,000 and 40,000 ballots had been cast in the primary election.

The early morning voting was light in some of the West End districts, but heavier in the North and South St. Louis and river wards. The indications were, according to the Election Board, that a light primary vote would be registered. It was estimated by the Commissioners that 20,000 had voted by 9 a.m.

There was no serious trouble, but some minor complaints were made to the commissioners from judges and clerks of election.

Tried to Vote Sample Ballots.

In the ninth precinct of the Seventh Ward, at 1107 Chouteau Avenue, 40 Syrians appeared with sample ballots and tried to get them into the ballot box. They were instructed that they must mark their own ballots.

About 15 judges failed to appear for duty at the time the polls opened. Their places were filled by the other judges and clerks.

Sample Ballots in Booths.

William H. Shea, a judge in the Ninth Precinct of the Twenty-sixth Ward, objected to voters taking sample ballots into the booths to be used as a guide in marking their own ballots. He threatened to resign if the other judges permitted it.

The Election Commissioners sent word to him that voters might take sample ballots into the booth and use them as they saw fit, but that they must not show them to other voters or leave them within the polls. Shea was warned that he must not resign.

The board also ruled, in response to a complaint from the Eighth Precinct of

Check the Symptoms of Lung Trouble

Symptoms of severe lung trouble, such as fever, night sweats and loss of weight, etc., should be checked or serious results will follow. Eckman's Alternative has brought about many recoveries.

16 W. Thirty-sixth St., New York.

"Gentlemen—Since I was a very bronchitic, I tried doctor after doctor, getting little or no benefit. Finally, I got a light over-the-counter medicine which contained no narcotics, and which I have. Consumption Miss Mary K. Hammer, who is a friend of mine, recommended. After taking it for a short time, I insisted that I try it. I am now, after two years, perfectly well, strong and healthy again." (Advertisement.)

(Advertiser) MRS. ROSA VOELPEL.

Eckman's Alternative is most effective in the treatment of chronic throat and lung affections and upbuilding the system. Contains no harmful drugs. All directions are carefully substituted. Small size, \$1; regular size, \$2. Rollon Drug Co., Jersey City, N. J.; Rollon Drug Co., Jersey City, N. J.; and leading druggists. Write Eckman's Alternative, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet of recoveries.

ELKHORN-LACLEDE COKE

\$5.75
PER TON

**B
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C
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K
E**

**\$2.40
SAVED**

Clean, dustless and
will cost you 30%
less than hard coal;
yet lasts just as
long.

Always maintain a
large body of fuel
and light draft for
perfect results.

Elkhorn-Laclede Coke
will hold fire over
night and longer.

Soft coal will always
give forth soot, dust
and dirt to blacken
the draperies, decorations and lungs.

M. W. WARREN COKE CO., Distributors
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

NEW WAR STYLES.



FREDERIC DELANO IS APPOINTED ON RESERVE BOARD

President Sends Nomination to
Senate and It Is Referred to Committee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Frederic A. Delano of Chicago, president of the Indiana, Indianapolis & Louisville Railroad (Monon Line), has accepted a place on the Federal Reserve Board.

The nomination was sent to the Senate by the President this afternoon and was referred to the Banking Committee.

The nomination is for the place for which the name of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago was withdrawn after opposition to his confirmation developed in the Senate.

A favorable report on Paul M. Warburg's nomination is expected with Delano's, and the two appointments are expected to be confirmed at the same time, that organization of the reserve system may be completed at once to stabilize the financial situation.

Delano is a financier and railroad manager. After being graduated from Harvard he entered the Union Railroad Railway shops as a mechanic and rose to be general manager of the line. He became president of the Wabash and later of the Monon System. He served for some time as a consulting engineer for the War Department in Philippine railway construction.

President Taft nominated Delano for a place on the Industrial Relations Commission, and while confirmation was held up his appointment lapsed, but President Wilson renominated him and he was confirmed.

Delano Says No. WHI Not Undergo Personal Examination.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—"If the Senate should confirm my appointment without quibbling, I would accept the place as a matter of duty," said Frederic A. Delano, president of the Monon Railroad, today, concerning his nomination for a place on the Federal Reserve Board.

"I have had no direct offer from President Wilson, and the first I knew of the affair was yesterday afternoon, when a man told me that I had been under consideration for the last 10 days. I do not want the place, and I certainly should not take it if my record were not sufficiently open to warrant my certification without a personal examination."

Common Sense Advice by a Distinctive Specialist.

Acid Stomachs are dangerous because acid irritates and inflames the stomach, thus hindering and preventing the proper action of the stomach, and leading to probably nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble from which people suffer. Ordinary antacids are useless in such cases, for they leave the source of the trouble, the acid stomach, as dangerous as ever. The acid must be neutralized, and its formation stopped, and this can be done for the purpose is a teaspoonful of bisulfated magnesia, a small amount taken in a warm, cold water. This is a drug which not only neutralizes the acid, but which readily is absorbed, and is useless in such cases, for they leave the source of the trouble, the acid stomach, as dangerous as ever. The acid must be neutralized, and its formation stopped, and this can be done for the purpose is a teaspoonful of bisulfated magnesia, a small amount taken in a warm, cold water. 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matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

POST-DISPATCH

Circulation

7 Months of 1914:

DAILY (without Sunday) SUNDAY

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Biggest West of the Mississippi

Before Going Away

Don't forget to have the POST-DISPATCH follow you by mail. Change the address as often as you please. To be happy and contented you must have your home news. Mail post card or phone.

POST-DISPATCH Circulation Dept.
Phones, Olive 5600-Central.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

City Hospital Commanded.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I had occasion a few days ago to visit our city hospital. I believe that the taxpayers of the city are not aware of the great responsibility imposed on the city for the care of the poor sick. I was greatly pleased to note the uniform care that all patients received, and likewise the smoothness in the organization under the present administration. The Superintendent of the city hospital Every department showed the effects of a complete organization of this busy part of our municipal government, and proved the efficiency of those connected with the institution.

The average taxpayer of this city is not aware of the many phases connected with the treatment of the suffering sick. I dare say that these people are receiving the same medical care that people of great wealth are paying for in private hospitals.

It is well that people who hold municipal positions receive the commendation of the public for the great work that they are doing in the institutions like our city hospital.

A TAXPAYER.

Woman's Narrowness.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
More men read library books than women, says an official report. It might have added that what women read is largely trash. Give women the ballot and her mind will expand, and the home will still be "there" considerably improved.

JANE.

Municipal Ice Plant.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I approve a recent Post-Dispatch article on "Why Not a Municipal Ice Plant?" This would be one of the grandest improvements to the city and nothing could be more beneficial to the poor and needy.

A reasonable price should be charged for the ice to those who are able to pay, but to the poor ice should be obtainable at the cost of manufacturing it. I think it an outrage that the poor, hard-working men, the majority of whom have large families, must pay more for ice than those in better circumstances. It surely does not cost any more to manufacture the poor man's ice than it does the rich man's.

The majority of the poor class cannot afford to buy and keep screens for the windows and doors. These work hard all day and are forced, in order to get cheap rent, to live in some of the most unsanitary and hottest flats in the city.

The city now gives free band concerts and is going to give free pictures. It is true the people need amusement, but there are other things that would be appreciated more, and ice is one of those things.

MRS. F. L. ROOT, 2824 Arsenal street.

"What Pools These Mortals Be!"

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Really and truly, after reading the war news, may I not ask: "Have these Europeans any more sense than the Mexicans?" NATURALIZED.

Igoe's Independence.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
A voter and subscriber in today's issue calls attention to the fact that Igoe did not vote on all questions with the President. The more honor to Igoe. Why not make the President a dictator and do away with Senators and Congressmen? Yes, the voters in the Eleventh District know Igoe's record and he will have a bigger majority than was given to a Democratic candidate in this district before.

AN IGOE BOOSTER.

Fate of the Absentees.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
In the event of a general war in Europe, and visiting Americans not being permitted to leave, what will the fall elections amount to—in the enforced absence from the city of St. Louis of William Marion Reedy, Harry R. Hawes, Judge Charles E. Stark, Fred L. Gardner and other St. Louisans who sought France in order to cool off and prepare for the coming event? They certainly escaped the sweltering weather of the last two months, but are they to escape being shot or some other kindred annoyance?

(Anxiously) GENE ELLIOTT.

A PRECAUTIONARY MEASURE ONLY.

The decision of the bankers in all important cities to issue clearing house checks and enforce the legal time limit on withdrawals of savings deposits is a precautionary measure only. It presents no evidence of lack of strength in business and finance. Only a few days ago Secretary McAdoo's offer of \$50,000,000 again this year to aid in moving the crops was declared to be unnecessary in many localities.

The causes of the action arise from a situation wholly outside of our own country. With Europe panic-swept, it is wise to conserve banking resources at this time that more serious inconvenience to depositors may be prevented later. But, as President Wilson says, no reason exists for alarm. It is a time for preserving calmness when he gives assurances that all the resources of Government will be utilized in measures for avoiding any serious trouble.

The very condition which the Federal reserve system was designed to minimize or prevent thus has to be faced with that system not yet in operation. As a temporary expedient bankers are even preparing to resort to the obsolete and clumsy Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency measure. The responsibility of those who played cheap politics in the Senate and delayed for weeks the organization of the Federal Reserve Board is a heavy one.

Will there be a Germanic Empire?

Will the Turk help the Teuton, or will he prefer to see his historic foe, the Slav, dominate the lost provinces of Turkey in Europe?

Will more numbers prevail in a war characterized by mediocrity, or will a Napoleonic genius emerge, in France, in Germany, in England, in Russia, to command a triumph against numerical odds?

Will Italy be able to maintain her neutrality, should the battle's balance turn strongly against her allies?

Will Japan seize the occasion offered by her ally England's participation in the conflict to sweep the Germans out of China and off the islands of the Pacific?

Will that which the German Kaiser calls "Western civilization," divided against itself, be able to endure the onslaught of what he calls "Eastern uncivilization?"

Or will the splendid model cities of Germany be overrun by a twentieth century invasion of primitive hordes from the East?

Will the American Congress be able to get the permission of the Shipping Trust to liberalize our shipping registry law, so that foreign merchant ships can be utilized to carry American cotton, grain, oil, iron and manufactures safely to their European markets, thus affording employment for workmen in Europe and preventing destructive losses here?

Will the Kaiser something incredibly effective as a war instrument or a diversion for his enemies up his sleeve, or is he merely suffering from an autocratic brainstorm which presages destruction? Can Germany and Austria whip combined Europe? It is unbelievable.

OUR FAIR LIBRARIANS.

Germany's aggression marked by her cynical refusal to let any nation interfere with Austria's purposes against Serbia; her insolent ultimatum to Russia and France and finally her arrogant demand of Belgium, coupled with a threat is turning all Europe except Austria into an enemy. Her position suggests that of France when Napoleon was trying to conquer Europe. A coalition against Germany is inevitable.

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OUR GREAT LITTLE ARMY.

Gen. Leonard Wood complains that the United States army is too small. If the General will be patient a few weeks our army will seem much larger than at present, in comparison with those of other Powers, which are now rapidly being whittled down to our size.

SENSE IN NAVIGATION POLICY.

The most sensible navigation act ever passed by Congress went through the House under the stress of a necessity that admitted of no temporizing.

It must not be supposed that the archaic law which gave American shipyards a monopoly by virtually denying American registry to any vessel built abroad has been in force up to this time. For some months American registry has been open to all foreign-built ships five years old, on compliance with certain conditions. The House amendment removes the five-year proviso and modifies requirements as to the number of Americans to be employed as officers and members of the crew. This will greatly reduce the cost of operating ships under the United States flag.

At the same time the Senate passed a bill authorizing the use of naval vessels in merchant service. The Government has a number of warships whose employment in this service is practicable. The demonstration of value for peaceful purposes will increase the popularity of our costly nation.

And why not? Is the nation a thing separate and apart from the millions who compose it? Are the interests of these millions to be exploited or conserved? The people constitute the nation. That is what the Federal Constitution says. The nation is the composite will, character and purpose of those who owe it allegiance in return for protection.

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WHEN MR. ROOSEVELT TWO YEARS AGO ASKED THE QUESTION "SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE?" HE PROVIDED A PLAIN ANSWER.

It is not surprising if that will be the platform of the plain people and will challenge the conscience of the nation until it has been finally answered in a democracy in which there shall remain not one slave, man, woman or half-starved child anywhere under the protection of the flag. Some of us may not live to see it, but we will fight for it while we live; as we love humanity and hate oppression and injustice. That is the kind of government the Fathers had in mind.

JOHN D. MCGOWAN AS A COLLEGIAN.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

"WHAT SORT OF A CHAP IS JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER JR.?" I INQUIRED OF A BAPTIST CLERGYMAN, WHO WAS A CLASSMATE OF THE YOUNG OIL KING AT BROWN UNIVERSITY.

"BEST BUSINESS MANAGER OUR BASEBALL TEAM EVER HAD," HE REPLIED. "HE NEVER ALLOWED THE TEAM TO SPEND A DOLLAR MORE THAN IT earned—if it played to a small crowd it had to live in a second or third-rate hotel."

While finances are in confusion by reason of the European chaos, American industrial and commercial conditions are extraordinarily good. The uncertainty that now exists is the reflex of the European situation. Bad as that is, we shall soon find a basis upon which we can continue to disburden itself of an embarrassing situation.

JOHN D. MCGOWAN'S DAD TOLD HIM AT THE UNIVERSITY, WHICH HE DID, BUT BEYOND THAT, HE WAS A QUIET SPENDER OF MONEY. ON ONE OCCASION HE GAVE A CLASSMATE, WHO WAS WORKING HIS WAY THROUGH COLLEGE AND WHOSE FATHER DIED, A \$10 BILL. THE OTHER STUDENTS SAID MY CLERICAL FRIEND, WERE SURPRISED AT THE SMALLNESS OF THE GIFT, BUT ROCKEFELLER SEEMED TO THINK HE WAS BEING QUITE GENEROUS.

NO ENGINEERS' STRIKE.

The agreement of railroad managers to accept the Government's offer to mediate the dispute with the locomotive engineers cleared up the only dark spot in our industrial horizon. The averting of the strike of 55,000 engineers and firemen is a decided victory.

Two sets of allies in collision in Europe just double the chances of a quarrel over the spoils like that among the Balkan allies.

THE McDONALD LABOR BUREAU BILL.

There are two bills before Congress to provide for a National Employment Bureau. The Murdock bill would create such a bureau as a branch of the Federal Department of Labor. It would have a system of free exchanges at important industrial centers, but would have no connection with any other Government department.

The other bill, known as the McDonald bill, provides that the new bureau be part of the post-office, every Postmaster thus becoming a Federal labor agent.

Such a proposition is manifestly absurd and impractical. The Postal Department has its special system of work, and every official and worker is entitled by their position to become labor agents than to carry on any other important and responsible work outside of transporting mails, managing their office forces and keeping the postal service up to the standard of efficiency.

Labor agencies in postoffices, conducted by Postmasters, would inevitably disorganize the postal service. A Government labor agent would find his time fully taken up every working day, as such agent, without other exacting duties of a different character.

QUESTIONS WAR MAY ANSWER.

Will Holland and Belgium become subordinate kingdoms merged into the German Empire, giving Germany territorial control of the great harbor at the Rhine's mouth and eliminating Belgium as a buffer state between Germany and Great Britain just across the channel?

Will Luxembourg join Alsace and Lorraine under the German mantle?

Will Alsace and Lorraine remain under the German rule?

Will Germany's new war fleet "stand up" in action against Britons born to the sea?

Will Emperor William, as predicted recently by Mine. Thebes, the Parisian "seeress," visit Paris this year, "but not as a king?"

Will Austro-Hungary absorb Servia and possibly other Slavic Balkan kingdoms, or will the Slavs of Russia and the Balkans wrest all Slavic territory from the Dual Kingdom, set up a new Slavic empire on the Mediterranean and the Adriatic, and leave German Austria no safety outside the Pan-Germanic Empire?

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The Double "O"

A Patch of Sunshine Wins \$700 for Bud Hawkins, the Sleepy Dealer Believing It to Be the Last of Bud's Hard-Earned \$20 Pieces.

By Robert W. Fisher.

"WOOPEE!" came a voice from the back of the smoke-filled room. "Whoopee! I've done it."

Bud Hawkins looked up to see a tall individual dancing around the roulette table, while the dealer calmly counted out some \$20 gold pieces. Activities at the craps, stud and draw poker tables also ceased because of the noise made by the man.

"I got the double 'O,'" said the man next him made a small winning and got up saying, "I'm ahead of the game," and quit.

"Kind of a pliker," sneered the dealer.

Bud was lucky and won several bets. His winnings now amounted to about \$30. He began to plunge and tried the double "O," the number that paid \$35 to 1 instead of the even payments on even and odd or the colors.

Bud Starts on His Savings.

The ball kept away from the pocket. Bud changed back to his old system and kept even for awhile. Occasionally he stayed out and looked over at Lon, who having been unlucky at shooting craps, had tackled a poker game. From the profanity at that table, Bud judged his friend was also unlucky.

Three o'clock came, and most of the players had gone. Lon and his partners in the poker game stayed on. Bud, a big hairy-faced man from Florida, a local merchant, a dried-up smirking person, remained at the roulette wheel. Lon was losing his winnings and Bud began to dig into his pocket for the money he had saved to buy that Eastern farm.

Prudence urged him to quit while he had the money, but the lust for gold had him in its grip and urged him on and on.

Finally with an oath Lon rose and called out, "I'm broke. Ain't that hell?" The other poker players grinned and quit. The local man at the roulette wheel was losing his winnings and Bud began to dig into his pocket for the money he had saved to buy that Eastern farm.

"That game's easy. I won seven hundred."

Bud took it.

"I ain't lucky," he said. "I dropped my roll last year when I was ready to go back home and buy a farm. I had to herd sheep another whole year, and you bet I'm not going to lose my money now after working so hard."

"This is a lucky day for Lon Jones," said the man as he turned to Bud. "And I guess you're my mascot." He chuckled, as he slapped Bud on the shoulder. "You see, I won just as you came in."

"I'm glad I gave somebody luck," said Bud, as he reached for his glass, which the fat bartender had just filled. "Here's how."

"You ought to try your luck," said Lon Jones, as they stayed at the bar, the two having returned to the games.

"That's another drink," said Bud.

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DAILY COMIC PAGE

"S'Matter Pop?" by Payne.
"Avi, Flooy and the Moving Pictures" by Vic.
"Can You Beat It?" "The Day of Rest and Why Not?" by Kellen.

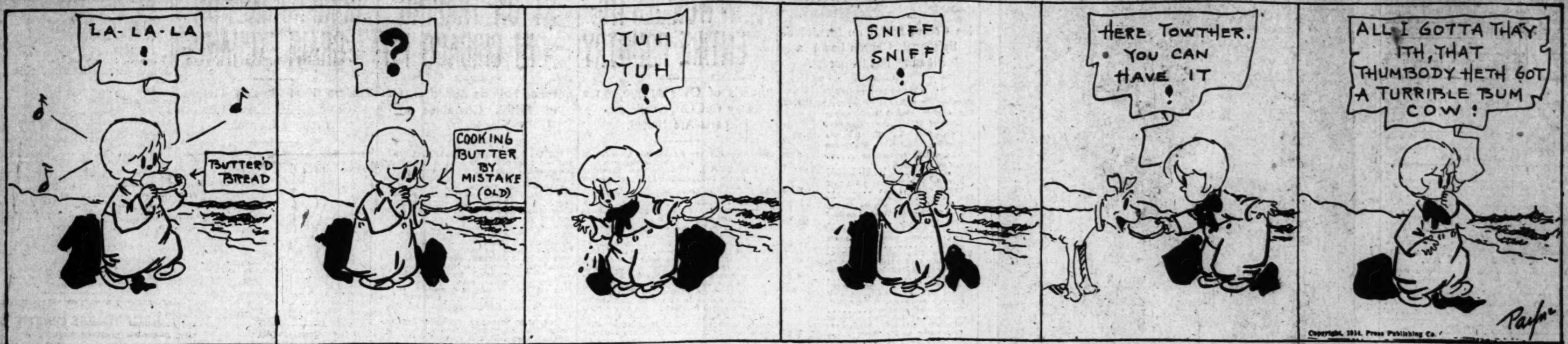
POST-DISPATCH

"The Jarr Family" by McCarell.
"Bill" by Paul West.

DAILY COMIC PAGE

S'MATTER POP?

It Never Heard of a Cow, Sonny!



The Marrying of Mary

Pa Always Queers His Part of the Party

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch
By THORNTON FISHER.



The Jarr Family

By ROY L. McCARELL.

The Board of Strategy Saves the Day

"THE boss gave me the hard eye this morning," said Mr. Jarr with a sibilant intake of his breath that indicated he really should worry.

"And Clara Mudridge-Smith told her maid to say she was not in when I distinctly heard her," Mrs. Jarr remarked. "But I'll show her! She can't cut me, when I have been the best friend she's had! Cut me? The idea!"

"Oh, being out is nothing to being fired" sighed Mr. Jarr. "Now I wish I had taken Michael Angelo Dinkerton's advice and not tried to warn the boss he'd get stung and stung good and plenty if he monkeyed with Zareef the swindler, or any other of those swindlers fortune-tellers. Now they've 'Wilsoned' with five 'Javers' from the boss's wife and one 'grand' from the old man. A 'leaf' is a hundred dollars and a 'grand' is a thousand. In the fortune-teller swindlers' signs, you know."

"Well, I warned Clara Mudridge-Smith," said Mrs. Jarr.

"And I warned the boss, her husband," said Mr. Jarr.

"Never mind, dearie!" remarked Mrs. Jarr after a moment's reflection. "It wasn't our fault, but we'll be blamed for it, just the same, and all because I went with Clara Mudridge-Smith on the foolish escapade of consulting a fortune-teller because she thought her husband's love was growing cold when he was stingy with her!"

"Yes," remarked Mr. Jarr. "Why should I lose my job just because the boss and his wife lost their money trusting a fortune-teller faker?"

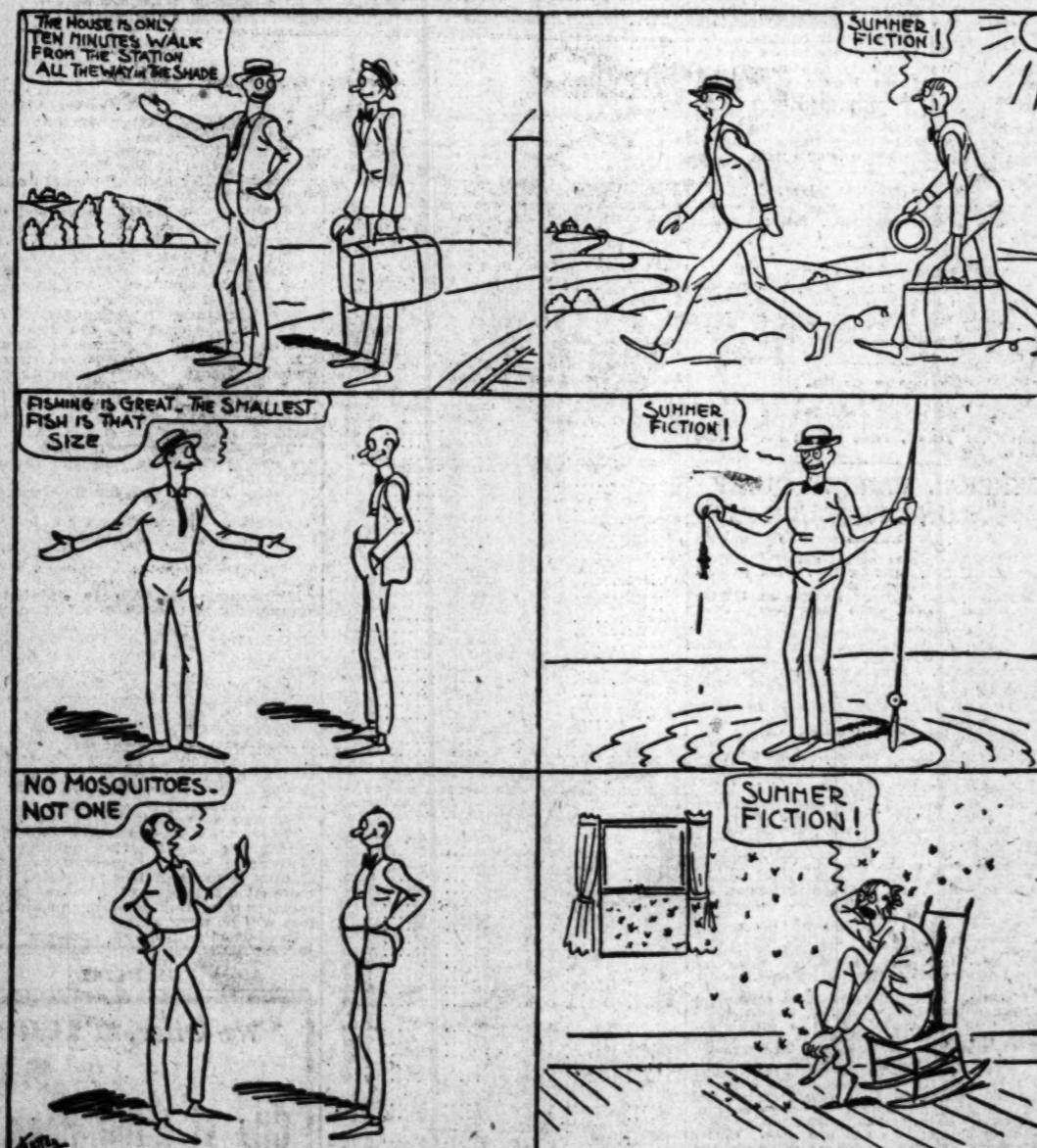
"Certainly you shan't lose your position!" said Mrs. Jarr stoutly. "Clara Mudridge-Smith wouldn't wish her husband to know she was swindled any more than he would want her to know he was swindled. Oh, but I'm tempted to tell her about her husband! Wouldn't it be grand think him off about all his days? Think of him, a shrewd business man, as the papers say, giving a thousand dollars in gold to a fortune teller to sleep on and magnetize!"

"Yes," sighed Mr. Jarr, "and the boss is an old lightwad that wouldn't give the Archbishop of Canterbury a plugged half-dollar for home missions unless he got a receipt for it." And Mr. Jarr chuckled. "The bigger they are the further they fall, the meaner they are with the money, the more they are maced out of!" he added.

"Well, let me see," interrupted Mrs. Jarr. "I'll drop a hint to Clara Mudridge-Smith that I think it is only my duty to tell her husband she lost \$500, because I went with her first to the fortune teller. And you tell Mr. Smith that you never keep anything from your wife, because he has got a cheater and dollar through a cheating fortune teller, you must tell me, because you think I might believe, a fortune teller could come day."

Summer Fiction

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch
By MAURICE KETTEN.



HICKVILLE DOINGS

From Our Hickville Correspondent

Hazen Conklin

Personals and Locals.

BRAD TEWKSBURY has got a spell of hay fever on. Brad has given up spoon vitties and corn on the cob and is stickin' to steak with less difficulty under the circumstances. He's had to give up meat, too, because he sneezes so much he can't keep his store teeth in his head.

Rufe Pettibone of Rome City was a visitor to our midlet yesterday. He came to see if Malvina Medders could give him some points on bee raisin'. Not bein' to home, Malvina didn't but a couple of his bees did.

Sid Forrythe, who is learnin' to blow tunes out of a harmonica, dropped the instrument in the bran bin yesterday. He says it don't hurt it none, but when he tried to play a tune it was like hinnin' a patent breakfast food.

Era Slocumb, who is a batcheller, bought a cake of yeast offen Beavis Bros. yesterday. He said as how he was goin' to try to make some bread for himself. Amos Crabb, our local sneerer, says as how that yeast'll be the fust thing around Era's place that will have shown any signs of workin'.

Calling" the Bishop. **A**RIGHT Reverend Bishop tells the following story:

"A young man came to me one day and said: 'Bishop, I want you to marry me on next Wednesday.'

"All right, young man; I'll marry you," assured him.

"Well, I want the bell to ring," he continued.

"Very well, you can have the bell rung."

"Well, I want the organ to play."

"All right; you can have the organ played."

"And I want everything else that you shall have it."

"Well, the night came, the bell rang, the organ played, the church was crowded and everything went off as the young man wanted it. When the ceremony was over the young couple waited, instead of leaving the chancel. So I held out my hand, shook hands with the bride and then held out my hand to the bridegroom. He had his hand deep in his trouser pocket, and as I stood with my hand out, he said, somewhat impatiently and in a tone that could be heard all over the church:

"Now, don't be in such an all-fired hurry, Bishop. I'm getting the money out as fast as I can."

Great Chorus. **L**ibretti: That's a great chorus they have in the new show at the Calcium Theater.

Critic: Yes, I knew it would be a success before the curtain had gone up two feet.—Life.

LAKE VIEW MILITARY ACADEMY. An ideal school for boys and young men, 12 miles from St. Louis. Prepares for college or business. A teacher for every eight boys. Most beautiful grounds, modern buildings, dormitories under expert supervision. Splendid military training. Backward boys developed into fine, healthy, strong young men. Life beautified by the careful individual instruction by superintendents, teachers produce in our students CONTENTMENT, CULTURE and SCHOLARSHIP. Terms very reasonable.

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Jenkins: "It certainly would be a short cut, my dear; but often all, it may be best that we respect the sign."

The Daily Reminder.

OTS of the fellows rearin' back on their dignity aren't doing much more than blocking progress.

Convinced.

Do you believe in second marriages? "Absolutely and emphatically no."

"Would you mind giving me your reasons?"

"I've been married twice."

Many a town could call itself "The city beautiful" if it wasn't for the people in it.



WHEN CANNING PEARS

it's so easy to measure accurately with Crystal Domino Granulated Sugar. Just cut off a corner of the carton and the clean, pure, sparkling cane sugar pours as handily as through a funnel. Eleven generous cupfuls to a 5 lb. carton. Always pure cane.

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